

الامتحان شامل

توجيهي م 4

إعداد

محمد بسام ثلجي

مدارس الحصاد التربوي

طالب دكتوراة في اللغويات (الجامعة الأردنية)



The Comprehensive
Exam

By

Mohammed Bassam Thalji

QUESTION ONE

A: Correct the verb between brackets and write your answer.

1. In the near future, most goods will _____ to many different countries. (**export**)
2. Miriam will move to Canada if she _____ a job there (**get**)
3. When the sun _____ down, it gets dark. (**go**)
4. If it _____ a nice day tomorrow we'll go to the beach. (**be**)
5. We'll have to cancel the show unless we _____ more tickets at the last minute. (**sell**)
6. You can play in the living room as long as you _____ a mess. (**not, make**)
7. Don't phone me if you _____ into trouble! (**get**)
8. You can borrow my DVD player as long as you _____ it on Monday. (**return**)
9. I _____ with you to the hospital, if you want me to. (**come**)
10. Oil and gas have recently _____ from the Gulf countries. (**import**)
11. If we had bought that house, we _____ rebuild the kitchen. (**have to**)
12. We saw the film. I wish you _____ it with us. It was an amazing evening. (**see**)
13. I like traveling around the world. If only I _____ time to realize my dream. (**have**)
14. I wish I _____ rich. I would buy a farm and enjoy the calm of the countryside. (**be**)
15. If you win the next match, _____ you _____ in the semi-final? (**be**)
16. Water turns to ice if the temperature _____ below zero. (**fall**)
17. If Omar _____ an interview for a job in pharmaceuticals, you will need to show real enthusiasm for the industry. (**get**)
18. I'll buy the book provided that it _____ too expensive. (**not, be**)
19. Many important things were _____ in the 20th century. (**invent**)
20. My car had _____ by the garage. (**fix**)
21. The final report will _____ to all officers. (**deliver**)
22. Do you mind _____ a healthy food? (**suggest**)
23. Even if Omar _____ his driving test, he won't have his own car. (**pass**)



Answers (الإجابات)

1) be exported	2) gets	3) goes	4) is
5) sell	6) don't make	7) get	8) return
9) will come	10) been imported	11) would have had to	
12) had seen	13) had	14) were	15) will /be
16) falls down	17) gets	18) is not	19) invented
20) been fixed	21) be delivered	22) suggesting	23) passes

QUESTION TWO

Complete each of the following sentences by adding the correct question tag to the end of each of them.

- 1- Jordan imports oil and gas from the Gulf countries, _____?
- 2- I am not sure that Ahmad is telling us the truth, _____?
- 3- The man drove too fast in the city centre, _____?
- 4- He pressed the seeds into the soil with his thumb, _____?
- 5- The singer kept the audience enthralled with his magical performance, _____?
- 6- There aren't any spiders in the bedroom, _____?
- 7- They rarely eat in restaurants, _____?
- 8- He never says a word, _____?
- 9- Nobody came to your party, _____?
- 10- Don't forget to switch off the lights, _____?
- 11- Faris won't have been travelling all day, _____?
- 12- They mustn't come early, _____?



Answers (الإجابات)

1) doesn't it?	2) am I?	3) didn't he
4) didn't he?	5) didn't he?	6) are there?
7) do they?	8) does he?	9) do they?
10) will you?	11) will he?	12) must they?

QUESTION THREE

Rewrite the following sentences so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it.

1- I didn't study hard at school, and now I'm sorry about it.

If only _____

2- People think that learning a new language presents the brain with unique challenges.

Learning a new language _____

3- In which newspaper did you see the advertisement?

Do you know _____

4- People expect that a new law will be introduced next year.

A new law _____

5- People say that money brings happiness.

Money _____

6- People believe that dogs are clever animals

Dogs _____

7- The police believe that the thieves are hiding somewhere in the town.

The thieves _____

8- Everybody knew that Sally was telling him lies.

Sally _____

9- It is believed that a happy family is what everybody wants.

A happy family _____

10- It is reported that the notorious criminal was arrested by the local police.

The notorious criminal _____

11- They think that women live longer than men.

Women _____

12- I didn't study very hard, and I didn't pass.

I wish _____

13- Hanadi shouldn't have left her bag at school.

Hanadi wishes _____

14- Omar regrets missing too many lessons.

Omar wishes _____

15- I forgot to pay the rent this month.

If only _____

16- I don't know how to use computers and I would like to learn how to use them.

If only _____





17- I didn't wake up early and I missed my bus.

I wish _____

18- When does the lesson end?

Could you tell me _____

19- Did Bassam hand the homework on time or not?

Do you know _____

20- Where have they been?

Do you mind telling me _____

21- Have you applied for a similar job before?

Do you mind telling me _____

22- Had Miriam found this job when she moved here?

Do you know _____

23- Will Ibrahim have been studying French for twenty years when he retires?

Do you mind telling me _____

24- When is the restaurant closing?

Do you know _____

25- How long will he have been studying French when he retires?

Do you mind telling me _____

26- Why do you want to work for our company?

Could you explain _____

27- Write your name before you start.

Do you mind _____

28- What negative things does Sana say about her job?

Do you mind telling me _____

29- Unless Rana saves some money, she can't go on a vacation.

If _____

30- There's less information on the website than there is in the book.

There is not as _____

31- The cheapest thing on the menu is orange juice.

The least _____

32- Physics isn't as popular as Biology.

Biology _____

33- Law is more popular than Medicine and Dentistry.

Medicine and Dentistry _____

34- You feel cold if you don't wear a warm jacket.

Unless _____

- 35- Specialists have proved that malaria spreads thorough mosquitos' bites.
Malaria _____
- 36- Positive thinking is believed to increase chances of success.
People _____
- 37- Many Children think that Santa Claus is real.
It _____
- 38- The street will be cleaner unless people throw litter.
As long as _____
- 39- Students don't like doing Music and Art as much as they like doing Maths.
Students like _____
- 40- Arab mathematicians invented algebra.
Algebra _____
- 41- I am sorry that I did not read that book.
I wish _____

Answers (الإجابات)

- 1) **If only** I had studied hard at school.
- 2) **Learning a new language** is thought to present the brain with unique challenges.
- 3) **Do you know** in which newspaper you saw the advertisement?
- 4) **A new law** is expected to be introduced next year.
- 5) **Money** is said to bring happiness.
- 6) **Dogs** are believed to be clever animals.
- 7) **The thieves** are believed to be hiding somewhere in the town .
- 8) **Sally** was known to be telling him lies.
- 9) **A happy family** is believed to be what everybody wants.
- 10) **The notorious criminal** is reported to be arrested by the local police.
- 11) **Women** are thought to live longer than men.
- 12) **I wish** I had studied very hard.
- 13) **Hanadi** wishes she had not left her bag at school.
- 14) **Omar** wishes he had not missed too many lessons.
- 15) **If only** I had not forgotten to pay the rent this month.
- 16) **If only** I learnt/ learned how to use computers.
- 17) **I wish** I had woken up early.
- 18) **Could you tell me** when the lesson ends?
- 19) **Do you know** whether Bassam handed the homework on time or not?
- 20) **Do you mind telling me** where they have been?
- 21) **Do you mind telling me** if you have applied for a similar job before?



- 22) Do you know if Miriam had found this job when she moved here?
- 23) Do you mind telling me if Ibrahim will have been studying French for twenty years when he retires?
- 24) Do you know when the restaurant is closing?
- 25) Do you mind telling me how long he will have been studying French when he retires?
- 26) Could you explain why you want to work for our company?
- 27) Do you mind writing your name before you start?
- 28) Do you mind telling me what negative things Sana says about her job?
- 29) If Rana does not save some money, she can't go on a vacation.
- 30) There is not as much information on the website as in the book.
- 31) The least expensive thing on the menu is orange juice.
- 32) Biology is more popular than Physics.
- 33) Medicine and Dentistry are less popular than Law.
- 34) Unless you wear a warm jacket, you will feel cold.
- 35) Malaria has been proved to spread thorough mosquitos' bites
- 36) People believe that positive thinking increases chances of success.
- 37) It is believed that Santa Claus is real.
- 38) As long as people don't throw litter, the street will be cleaner.
- 39) Students like doing Maths more than doing Music and Art.
Students like doing Music and Art less than doing Maths.
- 40) Algebra was invented by Arab mathematicians.
- 41) I wish I had read that book.



QUESTION FOUR

Read the following situations and complete the sentences with the third conditional, using the words in brackets.

1. Raja didn't know about the party so she didn't wear special clothes. (might)

2. Omar didn't have enough money so he wasn't able to buy a flat. (could)

3. My friend invited me to the library, so I went. (might not)

4. I didn't prepare well for the competition, so I didn't win the first prize. (might)

5. I didn't have enough time, so I wasn't able to see him. (could)

6. They woke up late, and they missed their plane. (might not)

الإجابات (Answers)

- 1) If Raja had known about the party, she might have worn special clothes.
- 2) If Omar had had enough money, he could have been able to buy a flat.
- 3) If my friend had not invited me to the library, I might not have gone.
- 4) If I had prepared well for the competition, I might have won the first prize.
- 5) If I had had enough time, I could have been able to see him.
- 6) If they had not woken up late, they might not have missed their plane.

QUESTION FIVE

Rewrite the advice using the words in brackets.

- 1) You should revise your lessons several times. (were)

- 2) It would be a good idea for you to stay at this hotel. (could)

- 3) You ought to tell me the truth. (don't)

- 4) You shouldn't spend so much money. (If)

- 5) You should drink a lot of water. (would)



الإجابات (Answers)

- 1) If I were you, I would revise your lessons several times.
- 2) You could stay at this hotel.
- 3) Why don't you tell me the truth?
- 4) If I were you, I would not spend so much money?
- 5) I would drink a lot of water.

QUESTION SIX

Study the following sentences and answer the question that follows.

1. A committee was set up to look the causes of the accident.

Correct the above sentence by adding the missing word.

2. Faris has replaced the plate he broke, so he will **not be blamed** for it.

Replace the words and phrases in bold with the phrasal verb.

3. That's amazing news! How did you discover it?
Rewrite the above sentence with phrasal verb.

4. I wish scientists would **come up with** a way to prevent flu!
What does the underlined phrasal verb mean?

5. I really **put my back into** it, and I earned an A on the course.
What does the underlined colour idiom mean?

6. If you need to report a crime, speak to a **police woman**.
Replace the underlined word with the correct gender-neutral word.

7. They must elect a chairperson as soon as possible.
Replace the underlined word with the correct gender-specific word.

8. **Complete the sentence below by using the word in brackets to give a similar meaning.**
It was done accidentally. (purpose)
It was _____
9. Mohammed will not attend the course **as** he will travel.
What's the function of using 'as' in the previous statement?



Answers (الإجابات)

- 1) A committee was set up to look **over** the causes of the accident.
2) Faris has replaced the plate he broke, so he will **get away with** it.
3) That's amazing news! How did you **find it out**?
4) think of أو produce something (an idea)
5) to put a lot of effort in something
6) officer
7) chairman
8) not done on purpose
9) Showing cause

(اشتقاق Derivation)

QUESTION SEVEN

Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences

1- One of the most important things that we give children is a good _____.

(educate, education, educated, educationally)

2- If you work hard, I'm sure you will _____.

(succeed, success, successful, successfully)

3- Congratulations! Not many people _____ such high marks.

(achieving, achievement, achievable, achieve)

4- My father works for an _____ that helps to protect the environment.

(organise, organised, organisation, organising)

5- It's amazing to watch the _____ of a baby in the first year of life.

(development, develop, developing, developed)

6- I'm confused. Could you give me some _____ please?

(advise, advice, advisable, advisor)

7- Before an exam, you must _____ everything you have learnt.

(reviser, revision, revise, revised)

8- In hot weather our bodies are in danger of _____.

(dehydration, dehydrated, dehydrate)

9- Don't talk to the driver. He must _____.

(concentrated, concentration, concentrate)

10- How quickly does blood _____ round the body?

(circulation, circulatory, circulate)

11- Before you apply for a job, check that you have the correct _____.

(qualify, qualification, qualified)

12- The company is pleased with your work and is happy to give you a _____

(recommendation, recommend, recommended)

13- Congratulations on a very _____ business deal.

(success, succeed, successfully, successful)

14- Teachers should _____ students regularly.

(advise, advice, advisable, advisor)

15- My father often talks about what he did in his _____.

(young, younger, youngest, youth)

16- It's important to have an _____ of different countries' customs.

(aware, awareness)

17- Entrepreneurship is _____ important among young people.



(particularly, particular, particularize, particularity)

18- What makes entrepreneurship important is the _____ job market.

(compete, competition, competitive, competitively)

19- It is important to give young people the _____.

(know, knowledge, known, knowingly)

20- If they cannot find jobs, they can create their own and then, _____, generate jobs for others.

(ideal, idealize, ideally)

21- _____ have been set up to guide young people.

(organise, organisations, organised)

22- Many training courses and programmes support business _____.

(creation, create, creative, creature)

23- Universities in the region have started _____ entrepreneurship courses.

(teach, teacher, teaching, teachable)

24- Giving young people the opportunity to create their own companies helps them to control their own _____ futures.

(economic, economy, economically, economize)

25- In the Middle East, doing business is a _____ learning experience for young people.

(critically, critical, criticize, critic)

26- Have you had any _____ of learning another language?

(experience, experienced)

27- Is one side of the brain more _____ than the other?

(dominate, dominance, dominant)

28- Whether or not you remember something that you have learnt in the past _____ on the experience you had while you were learning it.

(depends, dependence, dependent)

29- The graduation ceremony was a very _____ occasion for everyone.

(memory, memorize, memorable)

30- Nuts contain useful _____ such as oils and fats.

(nutrition, nutrients, nutritious, nutritiously)

31- Doing lots of exercise won't keep you healthy if you don't eat _____ food as well.

(nutrition, nutrients, nutritious, nutritiously)



Answers (الإجابات)

1- education	2- succeed	3- achieve	4- organisation
5- development	6- advice	7- revise	8- dehydration
9- concentrate	10- circulate	11- qualification	12- recommendation
13- successful	14- advise	15- youth	16- awareness
17- particularly	18- competitive	19- knowledge	20- ideally
21- organisations	22- creation	23- teaching	24- economic
25- critical	26- experience	27- dominant	28- depends
29- memorable	30- nutrients	31- nutritious	

QUESTION EIGHT

Choose the suitable item from those given to complete each of the following sentences.

1- Many people take Law degrees because they want to work _____ lawyers and solicitors.
(into , on, as, about)

2- I am sorry that I did not get high marks this well. I wish I _____ well.
(had studied, will study, won't study, studied)

3- That doesn't help me to answer the question in my essay, _____?
(did it, does that, doesn't it, does it)

4- My mother usually adds chocolate to the recipe when she makes this cake, but as she hasn't got any today, she's going to leave _____ out.
(it, her, she, its)

5- _____ you add oil to water, it floats.
(as long as, when, unless, provided that)

6- Do you mind _____ my answers and giving me some feedback?
(check, checks, checked, checking)

7- Even if Faris _____ his car, it won't look like new.
(polish, polishes, polished, had polished)

8- Students don't like doing Music and Arts as _____ they like doing Linguistics.
(many as, much as, many, much)

9- Are there _____ cars in the daytime as the evenings and on weekends?
(much, many, as much, as many)

10- His account has never yet been activated, _____?
(hasn't it, has it, hasn't he, have it)

11- Because he broke my phone deliberately, he will not get away _____ it.
(up, with, in, about)



- 12- I wish I _____ more attention in the class yesterday.
(paid , pay, have paid, had paid)
- 13- She _____ her way if she had brought a map.
(wouldn't have lost, won't lose, wouldn't lose, doesn't lose)
- 14- We can't make a decision yet. Let's just play it by _____.
(chin , back , ear , head)
- 15- The pharmacist _____ a mistake by giving her the wrong drugs.
(made , did , caused , got)
- 16- I don't know the train times. I'll _____ online.
(look up them, look them up, look them)
- 17- It is a well-organised plan. How did you come up with _____ ?
(your, you, it, its)
- 18- I can't do this exercise. I wish I _____ it.
(understood, understand ,understanding)
- 19- Bassam did not know about Chinese culture when he went on a business trip to China. He wishes he _____ a cultural awareness course.
(does, did, had done, has done)
- 20- Let's try something different this year, _____ ?
(don't we, shall I, should we, shall we)
- 21- I'm getting better at this, _____ ?
(am not I, aren't I, are not I, am I)
- 22- The blue car is _____ than the red car.
(faster , more fast , more faster, fast)
- 23- Michael Jordan is the _____ basketball player.
(most best , best , the best, better)
- 24- This is the _____ meal on the menu.
(most nutritious, more nutritious, nutritious, as nutritious as)
- 25- He drives as _____ as his father.
(fast , faster , fastest, the fastest)
- 26- Could you tell me where _____ ?
(does he study, he studies , he study , he did study)
- 27- Do you know _____ in his school or not?
(if he is , if is he , whether he is , whether is he)
- 28- How many syllables does the word "*compulsory*" have?
(five , four, three , six)
- 29- In which syllable does the primary stress lie in the word "*development*"?
(de, ve, lop, ment)



- 30- Keep your _____ up, everything will ok.
(head , chin , back , feet)
- 31- Faris has _____ some tea on the carpet.
(spilled , recalled , punished , done)
- 32- I cannot _____ when we first met. Remind me, please.
(spill , recall , punish , make)
- 33- They must be _____ because they have broken the law.
(spilled , recalled , punished , done)

Answers (الإجابات)

1- as	2- had studied	3- does it	4- organisation
5- when	6- checking	7- polishes	8- much as
9- as many	10- has it	11- with	12- had paid
13- wouldn't have lost	14- ear	15- made	16- look them up
17- it	18- understood	19- had done	20- shall we
21- aren't I	22- faster	23- the best	24- most nutritious
25- fast	26- he studies	27- whether he is	28- four
29- ve	30- chin	31- spilled	32- recall
33- punished			



Vocabulary المفردات

Q1) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item. 2016 سؤال وزاري / دورة شتوية

look up, earn, keep your chin up, compulsory, look into

1. Even if things have been difficult for you, always _____, everything will be normal soon.
2. In Jordan, pre-school and kindergarten education is optional, while basic education is free and _____
3. You can _____ the respect of your colleagues through your hard work and honesty.
4. Bayan promised her boss that she would _____ the matter and find out what had gone wrong.

Q2) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item. 2016 سؤال وزاري / دورة صيفية

makes a difference, track record, play it by ear, pensions, dietary

1. Many large companies provide _____ to their employees when they retire.
2. Huda's _____ indicates that she has the needed experience for the required job.
3. Scientific evidence shows that some _____ supplements are beneficial for health.
4. Taha's organized participation in the seminar _____ and activates everyone there.

Q3) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item. 2017 سؤال وزاري / دورة شتوية

dehydration, contradictory, keen, interpreter, tuition

1. Yousef's _____ sense of observation allowed him to notice that his keys were not where he had left them.
2. It is important to drink a lot of water in order to avoid _____.
3. The new courses will give the beginners personal _____ in all types of outdoor photography.
4. Zaid justified the main _____ points between the two sides in the debate.

Q4) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item. 2017 سؤال وزاري / دورة صيفية

lifelong, draw up, recall, cause offense, conflict

1. Meeting new people and developing _____ friendships around the world are some benefits of studying abroad.
2. Polite children don't _____.
3. Students need to _____ a revision timetable to organize their time better.
4. When two sides disagree and argue, there is _____.

Q5) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item. 2018 سؤال وزاري / دورة شتوية

rewarding, dialects, recall, gross domestic product, developed nation

1. Spoken and sign languages have different _____ and registers in every country.
2. Tourism is one of Jordan's biggest contributors to _____.
3. The main feature of a _____ is that it is socially and economically advanced.
4. Doing volunteer work can be a very _____ experience for everyone.

Q6) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item.

take up, nutrition, joined, put my back into it, conscientious

1. The company prefers to employ _____ workers who show a lot of care and attention.
2. Sara had _____ the youth club and found it enjoyable.
3. _____ and exercise are essential to fitness and health.
4. I earned A on this course because I _____.



Q7) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item.

surveyor, spilled, sales pitch, Psychology , Astrophysics

1. Unluckily, she fell down and the juice _____ all over the carpet.
2. Everyone bought the product because the _____ was persuasive.
3. If you are interested in studying the mind and how it works, do _____ .
4. A _____ is a person who measures and records the details of an areas.

Q8) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item.

undertake, extensively , enroll, secure, stand out

1. As a student, he travelled _____ in Europe.
2. The leading universities will ask for the very best grades, so you will need to _____ from the crowd.
3. Make sure that your online passwords are _____ .
4. Many students want to _____ in special English clubs.

Q9) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item.

interns, mineral , come about, colloquial, got cold feet

1. I was going to try a high jump, but I _____ .
2. Our homework is to write about _____ extraction in the Dead Sea, Jordan.
3. When _____ prove that they are capable and hard-working, they are offered a full-time position.
4. _____ is informal and more suitable for use in speech than in writing.

Q10) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item.

reserves, mineral , came about, enclosed, intentional

1. The farm is _____ and surrounded by a six-foot wall.
2. Jordan does not have large oil or gas _____ .
3. The paint fell on the car, but it was not _____ .
4. Could you tell me how the problem _____, please?



Q11) Choose the suitable item from those given in the box to complete each of the following sentences. There is an extra item.

evolving , attributes , corporate, postgraduate , satisfaction

1. An interpreter gets huge feeling of _____ when he knows that people understand everything that he translates.
2. Could you explain the personal _____ that is mentioned in your CV.
3. Both spoken and sign languages are constantly _____.
4. The company has a good record of _____ responsibility. It supports various charities and orphans.

	Answers (الإجابات)			
Q1	1- keep your chin up	2- compulsory	3- earn	4- look into
Q2	1- pensions	2- track record	3- dietary	4- makes a difference
Q3	1- keen	2- dehydration	3- tuition	4- contradictory
Q4	1- lifelong	2- cause offense	3- draw up	4- conflict
Q5	1- dialects	2- gross domestic product	3- developed nation	4- rewarding
Q6	1- conscientious	2- nutrition	3- developed nation	4- put my back into it
Q7	1- spilled	2- sales pitch	3- Psychology	4- surveyor
Q8	1- extensively	2- stand out	3- secure	4- enroll
Q9	1- got cold feet	2- mineral	3- interns	4- colloquial
Q10	1- enclosed	2- reserves	3- intentional	4- came about
Q11	1- satisfaction	2- attributes	3- evolving	4- corporate



عزيزي الطالب عليك دراسة كل القطع الموجودة في كتاب Student's Book و Activity Book دون استثناء. وركز أكثر في القطع الموجودة هنا.

Read the following text carefully, and answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

Our country has a high standard of education. This is mainly due to the fact that the government considers education a necessity. All schools, from kindergarten to secondary, are the responsibility of the Ministry of Education (MOE). Pre-school and kindergarten education is optional, followed by ten years of free, compulsory education. For higher education, students enter university, either for academic or vocational courses.

Students can attend one of ten public universities, or one of nineteen private universities. A large number of Jordanian students choose to study at these institutions, as well as foreign students from all over the world. The three universities with the most undergraduates are the University of Jordan in Amman, Yarmouk University in Irbid and Al Balqa Applied University in Salt. These are all public universities. An example of a newer university is the German-Jordanian University in Amman. *It* is collaboration between the MOHE and Germany's Federal Ministry of Education and Research, and it follows Germany's model of education in Applied Sciences.

For students who wish to complete their university studies while working at the same time, it is also possible in some Jordanian universities to enrol onto online distance learning programmes.

1- Higher education in Jordan has two types of courses which students can join after secondary education. Write them down.

2- There are two main differences between the German-Jordanian University in Amman and other universities in Jordan. Write them down.

3- Quote a sentence which indicates the University of Jordan, Yarmouk University and Al-Balqa Applied University are public universities

4- What does the underlined word "*it*", in the second paragraph, refer to?

5- Find a word in the text which means "*to officially arrange to join a school or university*".

6- Some students prefer distance learning via the Internet to face-to-face learning. Suggest three benefits distance learning.



7- Studying Master or PhD can provide several benefits. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

Answers (الإجابات)

- 1- Academic courses and vocational courses
- 2- * It is a collaboration between the MOHE and Germany's Federal Ministry of Education and Research
*it follows Germany's model of education in Applied Sciences.
- 3- These are all public universities.
- 4- The German-Jordanian University in Amman
- 5- enroll
- 6- Suggested answer: إجابة مقترحة
It saves time because you will not use transports.
You can study at any place that has Internet.
You can know students from all over the world.
- 7- Suggested answer: إجابة مقترحة
I think it will expand your knowledge. In addition, this will help you to become a researcher.



Read the following text carefully, and answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

I have relatives in Jordan and they arranged for me to stay with a wonderful family who live just outside Madaba. I was amazed by the number of international students there, who were not only from Germany, but from all over the world. Most of them had studied Arabic to a high level. I'm very familiar with colloquial Arabic, which is what my family speaks and understands. The Arabic class, in Modern Standard Arabic, was challenging, especially the grammar.

Every week, we had to learn a vocabulary list of around 50 words. We covered many topics. Living with a family helped to improve my Arabic-speaking skills because, while all the students heard Arabic in the classroom and streets, I could also practise it at home. I really put my back into it, and I earned an A on the course.

What impressed me most about students in Jordan was their behaviour and their attitude to studying. All the students who I met appreciated the importance of their university education and the opportunities it would give them to contribute to their country's prosperity. They also showed extremely positive values. Everybody was honest, and people discussed problems rather than getting angry if they disagreed with each other.

As someone who enjoys delicious food, beautiful places and friendly, hospitable people, studying in Jordan was one of the best decisions I have made in my life. I made many new friends. I also improved my Arabic speaking, writing and reading skills. My dream is to be fluent in Arabic one day – and as I intend to return to Jordan as often as I can, I know I'm going to make this dream a reality.

1. International students come to Madaba from different places. Mention them.

2. Anita was able to practice Arabic in different places. Write them down.

3. Quote the sentence which indicates that Anita put a lot of effort in leaning Arabic.

4. How did the student that Anita knew behave in disagreement?

5. Anita enjoyed many things while studying in Jordan. Write down two of them.

6. Many students decide to study abroad. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

7. You may face many obstacles when you learn a new language. Suggest two difficulties in learning a new language.

Answers (الإجابات)

- 1) From Germany and from all over the world
- 2) In the classroom, streets and at home.
- 3) I really put my back into it, and I earned an A on the course.
- 4) They discussed problems rather than getting angry .
- 5) Any two of the following : 1- delicious food 2- beautiful places
3-friendly, hospitable people
- 6) Suggested answer: إجابة مقترحة:
I think they want to live and experience a new culture. In addition, they will be self-reliance.
- 7) Suggested answer: إجابة مقترحة:
1- the wrong pronunciation. 2- studying for a long time to learn it



Read the following text carefully, and answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

In England, almost 50% of school leavers go on to higher education. The figure has not always been as high as this. Twenty years ago, it was closer to 30%, and thirty years before that, it was only about 5%. Another huge change has been financial. Before 1998 CE, higher education in the UK was completely free for UK citizens. Since then, tuition fees have been introduced. Most students borrow this money from the government. They don't have to repay it immediately. Instead, they pay it back slowly out of future earnings.

Despite the high cost, most students choose to study away from home. A recent survey of 17,000 students revealed that only 7% wanted to stay at home while they studied for their degree. Of course for most young people, living away from home means borrowing even more money from the government. So why don't students choose to avoid debt by staying at home, where they don't have to pay rent?

Most of them say that they want to move to the University of their choice, rather than the nearest one. Another strong motive is the desire to live in a new culture. Where do these students live? Many have rooms in halls of residence, especially in their first year; others rent flats or houses. A lucky minority live in property that their parents have bought for them. Most of them need to learn to cook, do their own washing and manage their time and money.

1. There are many changes related to higher education in the UK have taken place recently. Write down two of them.

2. Most students choose to study away from home. Write down two motives for that.

3. Write down the sentence which indicates that most students choose to study away from home.

4. Most students who choose to study away from home need to learn many skills. Write down two of them.

5. Students have many options for accommodation. Write down two of them.

6. Write down the sentence which indicates the way in which students can repay the money they borrowed from the government.

7. Write down the sentence which indicates the number of school leavers who go to university in England has greatly increased in the past 30 years.

8. Find a word or a phrase which means:

- accommodation provided by a university or college : _____
- reason for doing something: _____
- not many, the opposite of 'majority': _____
- costs, charges: _____
- money you owe: _____
- relating to money: _____



9. Many students prefer to study abroad. Suggest three tips to make studying abroad less challenging.

Answers (الإجابات)

- 1- Almost 50% of school leavers go on to higher education.
2- financial change, tuition fees have been introduced.
- 1- They want to move to the university of their choice
2- The desire to live in a new culture
- Despite the high cost, most students choose to study away from home.
- Any two of the following: 1- cook 2- do their own washing
3- manage their time and money.
- 1- Many have rooms in halls of residence
2- Others rent flats or houses
3- A lucky minority live in property that their parents have bought for them.
- Instead, they pay it back slowly out of future earnings.
- Twenty years ago, it was closer to 30%, and thirty years before that, it was only about 5%.
- a- halls of residence b- motive c- minority
d- fees e- debt f- financial
- 1- finding good friends to study with them 2- Being independent
3- talking with your family in your free time

Read the following text carefully, and answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

Sociologists have been looking into this question for hundreds of years. They have now begun to look at not just how people talk, but also how they think, asking whether the way we understand and remember experiences is influenced by language. As a result of these studies, they have come up with some interesting results.

A lot of research has been carried out on the relationships between mind, world and language. In one study, a psychologist points out that when describing an event, English speakers tend to mention the person who was responsible. Whereas English speakers might say, 'John broke the vase', Spanish or Japanese speakers would use a passive form. It is believed that such differences between languages have an effect on how their speakers understand events, and whether someone is blamed for an action or gets away with it.

In another study, speakers of English, Spanish and Japanese were asked to watch videos of two people popping balloons, breaking eggs and spilling drinks, either on purpose or accidentally. Later, when asked to recall the videos, the English speakers mentioned the person who did the action. The Spanish and Japanese mentioned the person responsible for intentional events, but left this out when they considered that event to be an accident.

Scientists at Newcastle University, UK, have carried out tests to prove that different cultures also have different ways of seeing colours. They found that in Japanese, for example, there are different words for light blue and dark blue which are not found in English. Native speakers of Japanese, therefore, made a clearer distinction between colours on the spectrum.

Is it our language that has affected our way of thinking? Or has a difference in cultural habits affected both our thoughts and our language? Most likely, culture, thought and language have all come about together.

1. A lot of research has been done on the relationships between many elements.

Write down two of them.

2. How do the Japanese and Spanish speakers describe events?

3. The writer mentions two languages which prefer the use of passive form. Write them down.

4. Japanese speakers made a clearer distinction between colours on the spectrum. Write down the reason for that.



5. According to the article our way of thinking is affected by many factors. Write down two of them.
-
6. Quote a sentence which shows the way English speakers describe the videos.
-
7. Does the writer of the article believe that the way in which bilingual people see the world depends on which language they are using? Justify your answer.
-
-

Answers (الإجابات)

- 1) Any two of the following: 1- mind 2- world 3- language
- 2) They mentioned the person responsible for intentional events, but left this out when they considered that event to be an accident.
- 3) Spanish and Japanese
- 4) They have different cultures
- 5) culture, thought and language
- 6) Later, when asked to recall the videos, the English speakers mentioned the person who did the action.
- 7) Yes, because if you speak English, you will mention the name of the person who did the action. If you speak Japanese or Spanish, you would answer in the passive if the person is not blamed. If you speak both languages, you need to adapt to the rules of each language and so you can have different ways of looking at a situation.



Read the following text carefully, and answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the text.

My name is Fatima Musa and I have worked as an interpreter for five years. I have always been fond of languages. My father worked in many different countries when I was young and we usually travelled with him. When we visited a country, I always wanted to learn the language. At school I was very good at English. Therefore, I decided on a career as an interpreter.

My job now involves going to important conferences and seminars around the world. When a person speaks in English at a conference, I listen to what they say through headphones. I then translate into Arabic while the speaker is talking. I give the translation through headphones to other people at the meeting. This means that anyone in the room who speaks Arabic can understand what people are saying.

Is it an easy job? Not at all. English is not the same in all English-speaking countries. For example, the English words that are used in India are sometimes different to the words that people use in the UK, the USA or Australia. As well as knowing regional English, you also need to know a lot of specialist language. Some of the words that are used to talk about business, science or law, for example, make it almost a different language!

Unless you have a language degree, you will not be able to become an interpreter. Provided that you have a postgraduate qualification, you will probably get a job as an interpreter quite quickly. If you get an interview for a job, you will need to show that you have good listening skills and a clear speaking voice. You will also need to show that you can think quickly and that you are able to concentrate for long periods of time. If you are successful, it is a secure and rewarding job. You will probably need to travel a lot, but that is not a problem as long as you enjoy visiting other countries.

It is a very responsible job. I am aware that if I translate things badly, it could affect an important law or trade agreement between countries. However, you get a huge feeling of satisfaction when you know that people understand everything that you translate.

1. Working as interpreter involves attending many events. Write down two of them.

2. The article states working as an interpreter is difficult. Write down two reasons for that.

3. There are many steps for translating in a conference. Write down two steps of them.



4. The article states that an interpreter has to know specialist language. Write down the reason for that.

5. There are many skills needed to get a job as interpreter. Write down two skills of them.

6. Working as interpreter is a very responsible job. Write down the reason for that.

7. The article states two kinds of English language. Write them down.

Answers (الإجابات)

- 1) Conferences and seminars.
- 2) English is not the same in all English-speaking countries. / you also need to know a lot of specialist language.
- 3) 1- Listening to what they say through headphones.
2- Translating into Arabic while the speaker is talking via headphones.
- 4) Some of the words that are used to talk about business, science or law make it almost a different language.
- 5) 1- good listening skills 2- ability to think quickly .
- 6) if an interpreter translates things badly, it can affect an important law or trade agreement between countries.
- 7) 1- regional English 2- specialist language



Read the following article carefully, and then answer all the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the article.

Don't come away from a sales pitch wishing you had been better prepared. It is essential to know everything about your product. Do you know when it was developed, and where it is produced? You also need to know who the target market is — for example, the age group or income of the people who might buy it. Not only that, you should know all about the competition - that is, similar products on the market. Why is your product superior to others and why does it have better value? In addition, you should know exactly which people you are speaking to, and what their needs are. For example, if they represent a middle-class department store in a humble neighborhood, be ready to explain why your particular product would suit customers who do not have lots of money.

Plan your presentation carefully, not just what you will say, but how you will say it. Will you read it word by word, use notes or memorise it? Whatever you decide, it is always a good idea to have a list of your main points, in case something interrupts you, or you simply freeze with nerves (it happens!). Then practise it, if possible in front of colleagues. Make changes and practise it again.

Keep your presentation short and simple. Start with some friendly comments. For example, thank your hosts for allowing you to speak to them, and compliment their company. Remember to speak slowly and clearly. It is important to appear confident (even if you're nervous!). While you're speaking, don't keep your head down. Instead, look round the room and make eye contact with your audience. Smile! When you've finished speaking, invite questions. If you don't know the answers, don't pretend! Thank the questioner and promise to find out the answer (and do it!). Finally, have a summary of your presentation ready to hand out at the end of the session.

1. Many things must be planned for the presentation. Mention two of them.

2. What does the underlined pronoun "it", in the second paragraph, refer to?

3. Find an expression from the text that means "*people who are identified as possible customers*".

4. There are many examples of friendly comments. Write down two of them.

5. What should you do when you finish your presentation?

6. You can know many things about the target market. Mention two of them.



7. Before pitching a product and selling it, you have to be well-prepared. Think of this and in two sentences write down your opinion.

Answers (الإجابات)

- 1) What you will say in the presentation 2-how you will say it
- 2) freezing with nerves
- 3) age group
- 4) 1- thank your hosts for allowing you to speak to them
2- compliment their company
- 5) You should have a summary of your presentation ready to hand out at the end of the session.
- 6) their age group and income



Literature spot – Extra reading

Read the following lines from " *Around the World in Eighty Days*" carefully, then answer the questions that follows

"Happily, however, for Mr Fogg, the animal's instruction in this direction had not gone far, and the elephant still preserved its natural gentleness. Kiouni – this was the name of the elephant – could doubtless travel rapidly for a long time, and, in default of any other means of conveyance, Mr Fogg resolved to hire him.."

1. How do we know that the elephant is not aggressive?

"Not at all, but I knew that some obstacle or other would sooner or later arise on my route. Nothing, therefore, is lost. I have two gained days to sacrifice. A steamer leaves Calcutta for Hong Kong at noon, on the 25th."

2. What form of transport is a steamer?

"They soon reached a small hut. Enclosed within some high palings, was the animal in question. An Indian came out of the hut, and, at their request, conducted them within the enclosure."

3. Which words tell us that the elephant was kept safely away from direct contact with humans?

'Passepartout, who had now rejoined his master, made a wry grimace, as he thought of his magnificent, but too frail Indian shoes. After a moment's hesitation, he said, 'Monsieur, I think I have found a means of conveyance'.

4. What kind of facial expression is a wry grimace?

5. Why did Passepartout's face show this expression?

Where are we?' asked Sir Francis.

'At the hamlet of Kholby.'

'Do we stop here?'

'Certainly, the railway isn't finished.'

6. What does the word hamlet suggest?



7. Why can't the train continue its journey from Kholby to Allahabad?

"Yet you sell tickets from Bombay to Calcutta," retorted Sir Francis, who was growing warm. 'No doubt,' replied the conductor, 'but the passengers know that they must provide means of transportation for themselves from Kholby to Allahabad."

8. Why is Sir Francis annoyed during his conversation with the conductor?

9. What expression is used to mean he is getting annoyed?

'Sir Francis,' said Mr Fogg quietly, 'we will, if you please, look about for some means of conveyance to Allahabad' Mr Fogg, this is a delay greatly to your disadvantage

10. Find an example that represents the idea of time.

"The elephant, which was reared, not to be an animal that merely carried things around, but for warlike purposes, was half-domesticated."

11. Why did the Indian man decide to rear an elephant?

"The parsee perched himself on the elephant's neck, and at nine o'clock they set out from the village, the animal marching off through the dense forest of palms by the shortest cut"

12. Find two literary devices in the previous lines.

Read the following lines from "A Green Cornfield" carefully, and then answer the questions that follow.

The earth was green,
the sky was blue
I saw and heard one sunny morn
A skylark hang between the two
A singing speck above the corn;



12. What does the word "speck" suggest?

13. The poet uses many examples of alliteration Find one example.

A stage below, in gay accord
White butterflies danced on the wing
And still the singing skylark soared
And silent sank and soared to sing

14. What does the word "accord" suggest?

15. The poet uses many examples of alliteration Find one example.

He cornfield stretched a tender green
To right and left beside my walks
I knew he had a nest unseen
Somewhere among the million stalks

16. What does the word "tender" suggest?

17. What does a bird do in a nest ?

18. Which part of a plant is the stalk?

And as I paused to hear his song
While swift the sunny moments slid
Perhaps his mate sat listening long
And listened longer than I did



19. What does the word " swift " suggest?

20. The poet uses many examples of alliteration Find one example.

21. Find reference to another listener, apart from the poet herself.

22. How do we know that the poet leaves the cornfield before the skylark has stopped singing?

23. Describe the rhyme scheme in the previous lines.

24. Find out rhyming words from the previous lines.

Answers (الإجابات)

- 1) the elephant still preserved its natural gentleness.
- 2) A ship powered by steam
- 3) Enclosed ; palings
- 4) an expression that shows pain or unhappiness.
- 5) Because he thought of his magnificent, but too frail Indian shoes.
- 6) a very small village
- 7) Because the railway isn't finished.
- 8) Because he feels cheated by being sold a ticket to somewhere the train doesn't go.
- 9) Growing warm
- 10) 'Mr Fogg, this is a delay greatly to your disadvantage.'
- 11) He wanted it for fighting.
- 12) small spot
- 13) singing speck
- 14) in agreement
- 15) And still the singing skylark soared
- 16) fresh and young
- 17) It lays eggs .
- 18) long upright part of the plant that supports leaves
- 19) fast
- 20) While swift the sunny moments slid
- 21) " Perhaps his mate sat listening long ". The listener is the female skylark.
- 22) She says, "Perhaps his mate sat listening long, And listened longer than I did "
- 23) It is *abab*.
- 24) (song, long) (slid, did)



Free Writing

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 120 words on ONE of the following: سؤال وزاري / 2016 دورة شتوية:

1. A **blog** post for your school's website about health and fitness for busy people.
2. Tourism has become an important sector that has an impact on development of country economy. Write a three-paragraph **report** about the importance of tourism on the Jordanian economy and mention the best ways to attract tourists to visit Jordan. Mention its benefits, support with example.

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 120 words on ONE of the following: سؤال وزاري / 2016 دورة صيفية:

1. There are a lot of risks associated with doing a new business abroad. Write **an article** about the risks that people may face in doing business abroad, suggesting solutions to manage these risks.
2. You receive the news that your town council is cancelling a bus route that you, your family and friends use regularly. Write **a letter** to the town council **to persuade** them not to cancel it. Explain why this will have negative effects on the whole town.

(Your name is Wesam. Your address is P.O. Box 1646, Amman, Jordan)

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 120 words on ONE of the following: سؤال وزاري / 2017 دورة شتوية:

1. A **blog** post for your school's website about the best practices for losing weight. Compare these practices with some practices in the past which were proved to be less effective.
2. Teaching is a science that requires a lot of education, responsibility and understanding between the teachers and the students to be most effective. Write an **article** discussing the importance of teaching. Mention its advantages and advise your friends to choose it as a future career.



In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 120 words on ONE of the following: سؤال وزاري / 2017 دورة شتوية

1. A **letter** to yourself with the intention that you'll be reading this again at the end of the school year. Think about your goals, where your head is now, and where you hope to be in ten months.
2. Being responsible is a key to children's success both in school and in the larger world when they grow up. Write an **article** suggesting tips for teaching kids responsibility and saying why it is so important to teach children to be responsible.

In your ANSWER BOOKLET, write a composition of about 120 words on ONE of the following: سؤال وزاري / 2018 دورة صيفية

1. A few decades ago, many families had half a dozen or more children. Nowadays, more and more families are choosing to have three or four children. Are small families better than large ones? Why or why not? Write an **article** expressing your opinion and support it with specific reasons.
2. Computers become a tool in education for even youngest children. Do you believe that computers have a value in education or not? Write a **letter** to your friend convincing him/her of your opinion.

