# 7th English Guide Dossier Unit ((5)) Action Pack

2019

### الدليل اللغة الانجليزية الصف السابع الاعدادي. (((((الوحدة 5))))))

معاني المفردات المهمة المعلمة بالأسود + معاني كلمات الضرورية تحتها خط + معاني الكلمات الأخرى+ الاشتقاقات المهمة. أسئلة نموذجية وافية للقطع النصية والقواعد والمفردات بما فيها ملحق التعبير.

# ELEMENTARY, MY DEAR WATSON! p54

https://www.awa2el.net/ar/user/14059/files

Anas AL-Massri

English for All Ages 3/25/2019

E4AA

englishprivatetutor business.site

@

Anas27almasri@gmail.com

http://Facebook.com/anas27almasri

0786271595

7<sup>th</sup> grade, unit **4** P42 wonders of the ancient world

\_\_\_\_\_Done by <u>Anas AL-Masri</u> 0786271595

Owner	مالك	Patient	مریض، صبور	Conclusion	استنتاج
Method	طريقة	Interested	مهتم	Elementary	
Absent- minded		Scratched	مخدوش	Intelligent	ذكي
Famous	مشهور	Wise	حكيم	Logical	منطقي
Professional	محترف	Pleasant	مفرح – مُسرّ	Servant	خادم
Merchant	تاجر	Loss	خسارة	Wander	يتجوّل
Pull	يتحب	Frightened	خائف	Suspect	مشتبه به
Ransom	فِدية	Cover up	يغطي فعلته	Kidnap	يخطف
Victim	ضحيـة	Police officer	رجل الشرطة		
			t.		
<u>Characters</u>	شخصيات	Walking stick	عكاز	Mystery n	لغز
				Mysterious adj.	غامض
<u>Detective</u>	محقق	Feather	ريشة	knitting needles	
Magnifying	تكبير	Bow tie		Basis	أساس
Observation	الملاحظة	solve	يحلّ	crime	جريمة
Mind	عقل	Brain	دماغ	At all	إطلاقاً
		Quality	صفة، النوعية		
<u>Tools</u>	أدوات	Quanty			
<u>100ls</u>	ادوات		<u> </u>		
<u>100ls</u>	ادوات		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

Make your own luck... Learning to learn..... Keep tuned with further learning. English 4 All Ages

	Read Dec	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

#### 7<sup>th</sup> grade, unit **4** P42 wonders of the ancient world

Sherlock Holmes sat at the breakfast table and gave me a walking stick. There was something written on it: "To Mr James Mortimer, from his friends – 1884." 'Well, Watson, what can you tell me about the owner of the stick?' asked Holmes. 'I think that Mr Mortimer is an old country doctor. His patients like him, so they gave him this walking stick.' 'Good!' said Holmes. 'Why do you think he's a country doctor?' 'Because this stick is very scratched. A city doctor does not carry such an old stick.' Holmes took the stick from my hands and looked at it. 'Interesting! I think the man is a country doctor, but he is not old. He's a young, pleasant and absent-minded doctor.' 'How did you know that?' 'Elementary, my dear Watson. Only pleasant people get presents, and only absent-minded men forget their sticks.'



## 1) Why do you think Sherlock Holmes and Dr Watson are such famous characters?

The two men are fictional characters in a series of books by the Scottish author Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. Sherlock Holmes and Dr Watson are famous because they were the main characters who solved mysteries in Sir Arthur Conan Doyle's very popular books.

- 2) Look at the picture. Who are these two men? What do you think they are doing? They are Sherlock Holmes and Dr Watson. They are examining an object, analysing it and drawing conclusions.
- 3) How did Sherlock Holmes find out who the owner of the stick was? In a group, use the same method to identify the owner of an object.
- 1. He observed the details:
- The scratches on the stick
- The writing on it
- The fact that it was lost
- **2.** He explained the details:
- The owner must live in the countryside because the stick is very scratched.
- He must be friendly for people to offer him presents.
- He must be absent-minded because he forgot his walking stick.
- **3.** He reached a conclusion: The owner is a young, pleasant and absent-minded country doctor.
- 4) Who are the men in the story? Who was Mr Mortimer? Was he old or young? Who gave him his walking stick?

### 5)

6) Do you want to be a detective? What makes a good detective? In a group, make a list of the characteristics of a good detective. Use the keywords to guide you?

Patience, intelligence, a logical mind, a good sense of observation...

7)

**Sherlock Holmes** is more famous than Poirot and Miss Marple. In fact, he's the most famous detective of all time. The basis of his method was observation, observation and observation. After observing an object, he made logical conclusions.

Hercule Poirot was less interested in details than Sherlock Holmes. He was more interested in studying the mind of the suspects. He thought that the best tools to solve a crime were the "little grey cells" in the brain. So, he sat quietly and thought.

Miss Jane Marple is less famous than Holmes or Poirot, but more pleasant than them. She didn't look like a detective at all. She lived in a small village in the country and she used her experience of life in her village to solve crimes. She was wiser than Holmes because she was older than him. In fact, she was the oldest of the three.

a. How did Sherlock Holmes solve crimes?

b. According to Poirot, what are the best tools to solve a crime?

a) Why was Miss Marple unusual?

a. Which of the qualities listed in exercise 1 on page 55 describes the three detectives the best?

- **a.** Sherlock Holmes used observation and logical thought to solve crimes.
- **b.** Poirot thought the best tools to solve a crime were the "little grey cells" : the brain.
- **c.** Miss Marple was unusual because she didn't look like a detective.
- d. Holmes: famous, logical Poirot: intelligent Miss Marple: pleasant, wise

Look at the three outlines. Who are they? Which of the key words help you recognise them?

- 1. Sherlock Holmes: a magnifying glass
- 2. Miss Jane Marple: knitting needles and glasses
- **3. Hercule Poirot:** a moustache, a bow tie and a walking stick

#### Answers Page 60 /E4

**a.** The merchant became poor because business was bad and he had to sell everything he owned.

**b.** The merchant described the bag correctly (it was a round, black bag with a string around it with jewels and a thousand dinars inside).

**c.** The Sheikh knew that some day he could return the bag to its real owner.

	Merchant	servant	loss	wandered	pulled	
1	travelled be	hind the rich	n man.			
<b>2</b> The	he's business was buying and selling goods.					
<b>3</b> He discovered the	He discovered the of his money when he reached home.					
<b>4</b> They	for a long time on the roads.					
<b>5</b> The Sheikh	Sheikh an old, black bag from a box.					
		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	way the	A contraction		

### **COMPARATIVE & SUPERLATIVE**

#	Adjective	Comparative	Superlative		
0	Slow	Slow <mark>er</mark>	The slow <mark>est</mark>		
	Fast	Fast <mark>er</mark>	The fast <mark>est</mark>		
2	Big	Bigg <mark>er</mark>	The bigg <mark>est</mark>		
	Hot	Hott <mark>er</mark>	The hott <mark>est</mark>		
*	Weak	Weak <mark>er</mark>	the weak <mark>est</mark>		
8	Eas <mark>y</mark>	Easi <mark>er</mark>	The easi <mark>est</mark>		
	Happ <mark>y</mark>	Happi <mark>e</mark> r	The happi <mark>est</mark>		
4	Popular	More less popular	The most the least popular		
	Beautiful	More less beautiful	The most the least beautiful		
6	Many much	More	The most		
	Little	Less	The least		
	Good well	Better	The beast		
	Bad badly	Worse	The worst		
	Far	Farther/further	The farthest/the furthest		
			ملاحظات		

And District of the second sec