

Evaluation and Adaptation Committee

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Robert Quinn with Anna Osborn







1 Read and choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

	1 The WOW! Magazine will have / won't have articles in Semester 2.	
Dana	2 Children have to / can write comments with their ideas for the WOW! Magazine.	
	3 The Semester 1 magazine talked about life in the city / countryside .	Alex
Sami	 4 The WOW! Team talked about what job / sport they would like to do in Semester 1. 5 Semester 2 will cover books / inventions and adventure sports. 	
		Mei

2 Read the ideas on Pupil's Book page 5 again. Choose T (true) or F (false).

1 Aisha's book of poetry came first at a school contest.	T / F
2 Jameela communicated well in London and was helpful.	T / F
3 Alfie is concerned about the environment and shopping.	T / F
4 Abbas is interested in extreme sports that are done on land.	T / F
5 Matilda and her friends can't do many things to protect the environment.	T / F
6 Eleni is interested in talking to people.	T / F
7 Scarlett disagrees with the title of an article in Semester 1.	T / F
8 Luigi found solutions in a book suggested in Semester 1.	T / F

3 Think of the new topics in Semester 2. Which one do you think is the most interesting? Why?



Read the text on Pupil's Book page 6 again and complete the sentences with a word.



- 1 Dana helped her _____ in Egypt over the holidays.
- 2 Dana is thinking of going back to Egypt next
- **3** Alex is going to _____ with a professional football team.
- 4 Alex and his team are going to play in
- 5 Mei told the girl that ______ would be another topic of Semester 2.
- 6 Apart from science, Semester 2 will be about





2 Read the following comments from other children and give answers that the WOW! Team would give.

Maria, 10, Italy 3 minutes ago	Cameron, 11, UK 13 minutes ago
Are you going to talk about	I'm interested in people's
sports? I want to know more about	feelings and relationships. Will you
diving and motor-racing! Please let	help me find out more about this
me know!	topic?
Hassan, 12, Egypt 7 minutes ago I liked the articles about jobs. I still don't know what I want to be. Can you help me?	Katy, 9, Australia 9 minutes ago Fantasy books are my favourite! I read a lot during Semester 1. Now, I'd like to try something different. Can you give me some advice?

3 & D With a partner, role-play the comments and your replies in Activity 2.



Adventure sports

Vocabulary



Write five sentences about other sports. Where do you do them and who with?

four

Lesson 2		WON. Team Tal	3 5
	nd complete the sentences ok page 10. Who said them	from the dialogue on ? Write. Then listen and check	
	always uses enjoying yours playing squash	-	i Barana Alian Alian Aliana Aliana Aliana Aliana Aliana Aliana Al
1 <u>Mei</u> 2		<u>rock climbing</u> and I hur /hen she was	-
3 4		ou from at if he?	
5		a helmet and wears special	clothes.
6		or we'll be late for Pl	
2 Read the d	lialogue again and circle <i>T</i> ((true) or <i>F</i> (false). Then explai	n.
	nks extreme sports are good	-	T / F)
She think	ks that children shouldn't do	extreme sports.	
2 Mei is sure that she can go rock climbing quite soon. T / F			
3 Mei's cousin started playing squash when he was four. T / F			
4 Mei thinks that children need to learn about danger. T / F			
5 Dana say	rs that she doesn't want to go	o to PE.	T / F
 Read and complete the dialogues. Then listen and check. I suppose so. x 2 I told you so! x 2 Not really. x 2 			
1 A: Are you	и ОК?	2 A: Mum! I passed all my e	xams!
B: ¹ Not	really. I lost my helmet.	B: ⁴	
A: Did you	leave it on your bike?	A: Yes, you did!	
B: Yes, but	t only for a few minutes.	B: Are you busy tomorrov	v?
A: You sho	ouldn't. ²	A: ⁵ Why	?
B: I know.	And it was brand new!	B: We can celebrate!	
A: You hav	ve to be more careful.	A: Great! Can we go out f	or pizza?
B: ³		B: Yes, ⁶	

Grammar

Reflexive pronouns

🚺 <table-of-contents> Listen and circle the correct sentences.



- **1** (a) The boy has hurt himself.
 - **b** The boy was using a knife.
- **2** a The cat can't see itself.
 - **b** The cat thinks it can see another cat.
- **3** a The boy would prefer to make a pizza.
 - **b** They're making lunch themselves.
- 4 a The girl isn't happy with herself.
 - **b** The girl says the test was difficult.

2) Write the reflexive pronouns.

Singular	Plural
1 I \rightarrow <i>myself</i>	6 we →
2 you →	7 you →
3 he →	8 they →
4 she →	
5 it →	

Bead and circle the correct pronouns.



- 1 I often write notes to me / myself)so I won't forget to do important things.
- 2 We called Sam and told him / himself to bring some music for the party.
- 3 Police officers must prepare them / themselves for emergencies.
- 4 Have your ever found you / yourself in a difficult situation at school?

4 Read and complete the sentences with a reflexive pronoun.

- 1 'I taught myself to play tennis by watching videos,' said Laith.
- 2 'Why didn't you and your brother some dinner?' cook asked Mum.
- 3 'My baby sister is only one year old,' said Muna. 'And she's just started teaching to walk.'
- 4 'Tom and I met at school.' said Amer. 'We introduced and started talking.'
- **5** 'Our cat hurt when it was playing in the garden,' said Farid.
- 6 'Are your friends enjoying at the party?' asked Dad.

⑤ ♀ Answer the questions.

- 1 How well do you know yourself?
- 2 How do you and your friends enjoy yourselves?
- 3 Where do you imagine yourself in the future?
- 4 What can people do to take care of themselves?

Lesson 5

After you read Read the adventure story on Pupil's Book page 12 again. Match the two parts of the sentences.

- 1 After the children had eaten breakfast, _____
- 2 After they had packed some food,
- 3 After they'd walked across the valley,
- 4 After the man had hurt his foot,
- 5 After Hala had turned on her phone,
- 6 After the people had rescued the man,
- a they started walking across the valley.
- **b** she used it to call for help.
- **c** they looked in their guidebook.
- **d** they took him to a nearby hospital.

Book Club

5

- e he couldn't climb back up the cliff.
- ${\bf f}~$ they decided to climb up the hill.

2 Answer the questions. Use complete sentences.

- 1 Where did the children decide to camp? <u>They decided to camp near a small wood.</u>
- 2 Why did they want to wake up early?
- 3 Whose compass did Laila bring?
- 4 Why did they stop walking to the beach?
- 5 How long did they wait for the helicopter?
- 6 What will the man remember next time?

Work with words

Compound adjectives Some adjectives are formed from two words joined by a hyphen (-). *old* + *fashioned* = *old-fashioned*

3) Read the Work with words box. Make compound adjectives.



Read and complete the sentences with the compound adjectives from Activity 3.

- **1** We took a <u>nine-hour</u> bus ride from Cordoba to Buenos Aires.
- 2 The USA is an _____ country.
- **3** Charles Dickens is a ______ writer from England.
- 4 I felt really hot so I drank an _____ glass of lemonade.
- 5 My aunt has a _____ cat. It has won lots of competitions.
- 6 I love my mum's ______ chocolate cake. It's delicious!



Vocabulary and Grammar

Look, read and complete.



The cows are in the <u>field</u>.



the ______ in the morning.



I love swimming in the





The house is

next to a small

You can watch the ______ in the evening.

Our town is in a beautiful





directions		
north	east	
south 1	west	
places		
bay	valley	
field	wood	
things		
scenery	sunset	
sunrise	tide	

Past perfect

3 Complete the sentences with the Past perfect form of the verbs in the box.

check eat leave start take watch

- 1 After I <u>had checked</u> my compass, I walked north.
- 2 My friends and I ______ the sunrise before breakfast.
- **3** After Angela ______ some photos, she posted them online.
- 4 The bus _____ before I noticed that I didn't have my backpack with me.
- **5** After the campers _____ the fire, they cooked burgers.
- 6 Max _____ his lunch before he started hiking.

A Read and write sentences in the Past perfect.

Ela arrived at the beach. Then, she went for a swim. Then, she put up her umbrella. Next, she read a magazine. Then, she ate a sandwich. After that, she took some photos.

- 1 (after / beach / swim) <u>After Ela had arrived at the beach, she</u> went for a swim.
- 2 (after / swim / umbrella)
- 3 (before / umbrella / magazine)
- 4 (after / read / eat)
- 5 (before / sandwich / photos)

1	After you read Read the text on Pupil's Book page 14 again. Read and complete
	the sentences. Write one word in each space.

Lesson 8

- 1 Underwater hockey is a water <u>sport</u> that is played in many different <u>countries</u> around the world.
- **2** A ______ of underwater hockey is 30 minutes long, with a 3-minute ______ in the middle.
- **3** In a tuna throwing competition, people ______ around very quickly before they ______ the fish as far as they can.
- 4 Fisherman often threw _____ off their boats when they had _____ too many.
- 5 Dennis Turville ______ canyoning popular in ______ in the 1970s.

Read the sentences and circle *T* (true) or *F* (false). Then explain your answers.

1 Underwater hockey matches are played by twelve people. There are two teams of six players.	(T)/ F
2 Underwater hockey was first played in Australia.	Τ/Ε
3 Only fisherman can play the sport of tuna throwing.	Τ/Γ
4 People don't use real fish for tuna throwing nowadays.	Τ/Ε
5 Canyoning isn't popular in Jordan.	Τ/Ε

3 (1) Listen to a report about another unusual extreme sport. Complete the text.

Zorbing is an unusual 1 <u>outdoor</u> sport that people do on hills in 2 ______. They get inside a big ball called a zorb. It's made of clear 3 ______. After they get inside, people roll down the hill as fast as they can. Zorbs are usually about 4 ______ metres across and only one person can fit inside. Some people enjoy competing in zorb 5 ______ to see who is the fastest. Other people only go zorbing for 6 ______. You can go zorbing on 7 ______ like lakes and swimming pools. Does that sound 8 ______ to you?





Lesson 9 **English in action** Asking and saying what you prefer (\$18) Read and complete the dialogue. Then listen and check. d I think that sounds excellent! a Should we play golf or squash? **b** Would you prefer to go horse-riding **e** I'd rather go kite surfing. c There are so many activities we can do. f I'd rather play squash on day two, **Omar:** I'm really looking forward to our beach holiday. Me too! ¹ c There are so many activities we can do. Talal: Omar: So, on day one, would you rather go kite surfing or surfboarding? Oh, that's easy!² Talal: _____ And you? **Omar:** I agree with you. I've always wanted to try that. **Talal:** Let's have a look at day two.³ **Omar:** I think we should play golf. I'm terrible at squash. but we can do different things. Talal: Really?⁴ **Omar:** What about day three? or go-karting? **Talal:** Let's have a look. ⁵ **Omar:** Well, I've been go-karting before, so I'd prefer to try horse-riding. Talal: I can't wait! 2 * Read and complete the dialogues with your own ideas. Then act them out. **1 A:** Should we play basketball or ? B: I think we should _____. **2 A:** Would you rather or ? B: I'd rather _____ or ? **3 A:** Should we B: I think we should _____. **4** A: Would you prefer to ______ or ____ ? B: I'd prefer to _____. Pronunciation ③ ③ ① Listen and match. Then listen and repeat. Practise with your partner. 1 I'd finished eating breakfast **a** before they gave it to the teacher. **2** After we'd cycled for an hour, **b** before we went to the gift shop. **3** They'd checked their work **c** I played a computer game. **4** After I'd finished the housework. **d** we had a break to drink some water. 5 We'd visited the whole museum -e before I left home for school.

safari adventures



Reading

5

Read and complete the definitions. expert gentle perfect stunning terrific 1 A hill that is not steep is __gentle__. 2 Something that is extremely beautiful or attractive is _____. 3 Something that people say is excellent or wonderful is _____. 4 Something that is done with special skills and information is _____. 5 Something that is made with no problems or mistakes is

2) Read the brochure on Pupil's Book page 16 again. Write the holidays.

- 1 You can see amazing wild animals in many different countries.
- **2** You can visit mountainous places in the UK, Spain or Nepal.
- **3** You will go to a place that is dry and hot most of the year.
- 4 You won't be travelling around with many other people.
- **5** You can do an extreme sport that you've never done before.

3 Answer the questions. Use complete sentences.

- 1 Where can people go to play a winter sport? <u>People can go to Finland to play ice hockey.</u>
- 2 Where can you go to see tigers in their natural habitat?
- 3 Why are safari adventure groups usually quite small?
- **4** Where can new climbers get experience on easy hills?
- 5 Who helps to keep the climbing adventures safe?
- 6 Where must people go if they want to see camels?

Literacy: brochures and adverts

Writing



awful brilliant delicious fantastic great terrible

- 1 We went to a <u>very nice</u> beach in Hawaii. We went to a fantastic beach in Hawaii.
- 2 The weather was very bad the first day.

Writing

Strong adjectives Use strong adjectives in your writing. For example, don't use *nice* – use *excellent* or *brilliant*. Don't use *bad* – use *awful* or *terrible*. Use the word *really* before an adjective to make the adjective stronger.

- 3 I tried surfboarding and I had a very good time.
- 4 I liked the food in Hawaii. It was nice.
- **5** You should visit Hawaii. It's a <u>good</u> place.
- 6 The weather was <u>bad</u> so we couldn't go surfboarding.

2	$\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$ Plan a brochure for an outdoor activity.	
	Include a fun title for the brochure.	
	Start the text with an interesting question.	
	Use exciting adjectives to keep people interested.	<u>}</u> →
	Use short paragraphs and use pronouns, e.g. <i>you</i> and <i>w</i> e.	
	Finish with an interesting comment.	
	Add an exciting picture to get people's attention.	





- Read your brochure. Check your spelling and punctuation.
- Work in pairs. Read your partner's brochure. Do you want to do this outdoor activity?



Spend or save?

Vocabulary

Read the clues and complete the crossword.

- 1 This is a piece of paper you get when you buy something.
- **2** This is a special price that is lower than usual.
- **3** This has already been used or worn by another person.
- **4** This is a line of people waiting for something.
- 5 This is a person who buys something in a shop.
- 6 This is the machine that adds up prices in shops.

2 Read and complete the sentences.

- 1 You can <u>exchange</u> those shoes if you haven't worn them.
- 2 I'm not old enough to have a ______ so I always pay in cash.
- **3** You can't ______ a _____ if you don't bring the receipt with you.
- 4 My brother works as a _____ in a sports shop. He really enjoys it.
- **5** Some people prefer _____, but I'd rather visit real shops.
- 6 When I go shopping, I don't buy _____. They're expensive!

3 **W** Read the *I'm learning* box. Read and complete the sentences with shopping and money verbs.

I'm learning

Shopping and money verbs There are some verbs that we often use when we talk about shopping and money. Shops sell things to customers. Customers buy things from shops. You can save money for later. You can spend money in shops.

- 1 I don't usually <u>spend</u> a lot of money on clothes.
- 2 My rucksack is quite old. I need to ______ a new one.
- **3** They ______ some really nice clothes in that shop.
- 4 I don't have enough money for a comic. I need to ______ some money.
- **5** We don't have any milk, so we need to ______ some later.
- 6 How much money do you _____ on sweets each week?





0

Grammar

Zero and first conditionals

1 (iii) Listen and circle the correct words.



- 1 If he wants a book, he gets it from a ...
 - a bookshop **b**(library) **c** friend
- 2 If he returns the shirt, he will ask for a ...
 - a different colour b refund
 - c bigger size
- 3 If there's a long queue, she will ...
 - a complain b return later c wait
- 4 If he needs clothes, he buys them...
 - a in small shops b second-hand c online

2 Read and complete the zero conditional sentences.

- 1 If Ghada <u>needs</u> (need) to buy something, she always <u>looks</u> (look) for the best price.
- 2 I _____ (get) angry if someone _____ (be) impolite.
- 3 My parents _____ (not be) happy if I _____ (spend) too much money.
- 4 If you _____ (feel) hungry, you _____ (have) to take a break and eat.
- 5 If we _____ (go) to the shopping centre on Saturdays, we _____ (have) lunch there.
- 6 If Habib ______ (want) some new books, he ______ (buy) them online.

3 Read and complete the sentences.

- **a** we'll bring the juice.
- **b** we won't be tired.
- **c** I'll be quite angry.
- <u>d</u> I'll celebrate.
 - e I'll buy some shoes.
 - f she won't be happy.
- 1 If I pass the exam, <u>I'll celebrate</u>.
- 2 If we rest now, _____
- **3** If I don't help Amy, _____
- 4 If we go shopping, _____
- 5 If I lose my bag, _____
- 6 If you have a party, ____

Complete the first conditional questions. Then write the answers.



- 1 What <u>will you do</u> (you / do) if it rains this weekend?
- 2 If you go to the shopping centre tomorrow, where _____ (you / have) lunch?
- **3** When _____ (you / study) if you have an English test next Monday?
- 4 If you get some money for doing chores, how _____ (you / spend) it?
- **5** What _____ (you / say) if someone invites you to a party next weekend?

5 Ask and answer the questions from Activity 4. Write their answers in your notebook.

After you read Read the poem on Pupil's Book page 22 again. Number the sentences in order.

- **a** 🗌 I'd walk on the Moon, I'd look down at Earth ...
- **b** If I could travel the world one day, ...
- c 🗌 I'd like to become Sherlock Holmes, ...
- d 🚺 If I could travel back in time, ...
- e 🗌 I'd go to the Arctic, I'd play in the ice ...
- f 🗌 If I could go into space, ...
- **g** I'd go to Ancient Jordan to see Petra ...
- h 🗌 If I could become a character, ...



6

Book Club

2 Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.

- 1 When did the speaker learn about Petra? <u>The speaker learned about it in History last year.</u>
- 2 How did the speaker dress up at school?
- 3 Why does the speaker say Sherlock is clever?
- 4 Who were the first people on the Moon?
- 5 What did the astronauts leave on the Moon?
- 6 Why must the speaker visit the Arctic soon?
- **3** Read the Work with words box. Write the correct prepositions.



Vocabulary and Grammar

1 (12) Listen and complete the sentences.



- 1 My brother would like to become an astronaut one day and <u>go into</u> <u>space</u>.
- 2 I'd like to _____ in the future, but I don't want to work!
- **3** Most students have to _____ if they want to finish school.
- 4 Would you like to ______ alone or would you prefer to go with a friend?
- **5** You might ______ if you visit Hollywood, in California.
- 6 Our school team could ______ this year if they practise a lot.

2 Read and complete the questions.

a film character travel back in time <u>be invisible</u> become an Olympic athlete to a charity three wishes

- 1 Would it be fun to <u>be invisible</u> so that no one else could see you?
- 2 Would you like to _____ when you're older?
- **3** Would you like to donate ______ that helps other people?
- 4 Would you like to work in Hollywood and become _____?
- 5 Would you like to have ______ so that you could stop global warming?
- 6 Would you like to _____ to visit Ancient Jordan?

 Work with your partner. Ask and answer the questions in Activity 2.
 Do you have similar answers?

Second conditional

G Read and complete the sentences. Use the second conditional.

- 1 I can't see the snake. I'm not scared. If I could see the snake, <u>I would be</u> <u>scared.</u>
- 2 I don't know her. I won't tell you. If I knew her, _____.
- **3** We don't have time. We won't visit the museum. If we had time,
- **4** I don't speak Italian. I don't understand Mario. If I spoke Italian, _____.
- 5 Ali isn't here. He won't see the film. If Ali was here, _____.
- 6 You aren't 18. You can't drive a car. If you were 18, _____.

5 Read and complete the questions. Use the second conditional.

IMAGINE THIS!

- 1 If you <u>got</u> (get) 100 Jordanian dinars, what <u>would you buy</u> (you / buy)?
- 2 If you _____ (have) a two-week holiday now, where _____ (you / go)?
- **3** If you _____ (can) choose anywhere in the world, where ______ (you / live)?
- 4 If you _____ (meet) your favourite celebrity, what _____ (you / say)?
- 5 If you _____ (lose) your mobile phone, how _____ (you / feel)?
- 6 If you _____ (can) become anyone in the world, who _____ (you / choose)?

The Souk El-Khodra is a ¹ famous market. It's . It's near the colours. They

- flowers?

in Amman, which is the biggest city in Jordan. It's an outdoor market and it's ² the Grand Husseini Mosque. You can buy so many different types of fruit and vegetables there, for example ³, grapes and beans. It's open in the mornings. Tourists often ⁴_ market to enjoy the ⁵ can listen to the calls of the ⁶ market sellers. And if you want to take a break, there are many cafés and restaurants nearby.

After you read Read the text on Pupil's Book page 24 again. What do the sentences describe? Write.

- 1 You can see fun shows with animals.
- 2 The market isn't located on land. It's on a river.
- 3 You can't go here in October.
- 4 It's a great place to buy inexpensive gifts.
- 5 It's famous for bags, shoes and other leather items.
- 6 The market ends at 7 o'clock in the morning.

Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.

- 1 Which time does the Souk Jara Market close? The Souk Jara Market closes at 10 pm.
- 2 How often is there a market in Diemaa el Fna?
- **3** What time must you go to the Muara Kuin Market?
- 4 How big did the Chiang Mai Night Bazaar use to be?
- 5 Which market should you visit if you want to buy

3 🚯 Listen to a report about another market. Complete the text.







6



1 (1) Read and complete the dialogue. Then listen and check.

- a No, it fits, but there is a button missing.
- **b** Let me see. Oh, yes. Here you go.
- c No, thanks. Please could I have a refund?
- **d** They're damaged here. I need to exchange them.
- e l'm afraid I have a complaint about these jeans.
- **f** I'm afraid there's a problem with this jacket, too.

Adam: ¹ e I'm afraid I have a complaint about these jeans.

Shop assistant: Oh, really? What seems to be wrong with them? Adam: ²

Shop assistant: I'm sorry about that. Of course you can exchange them. Adam: ³

Shop assistant: What's the problem? Is it too big or too small for you? Adam: ⁴

Shop assistant: Oh, I'm sorry about that. Do you want to exchange it? **Adam:** ⁵

Shop assistant: Yes, of course, I'll just need to see your receipt. Adam: 6

Shop assistant: That's great, thanks.

2 ***** Read and complete the dialogues with your own ideas. Then act out with your partner.

- **1 A:** I'd like to complain about this
 - B: Oh, really? What's wrong with it?
 - A:

2 A: I'm afraid there's a problem with these _____

B: What's the problem? Are they too big or too small?

A:

Pronunciation

3 (1) D Listen and complete the second conditional sentences. Use 'd or would and a verb from the box. Then practise with your partner.



become	go	buy	choose

1 If I won 1,000 Jordanian dinars in a competition, I would buy myself a new bike.

2 If I could have any job in the world, I ______ a pilot.

3 If I had a big house near the beach, I ______ there every weekend.

4 If I could learn to play any sport, I ______ tennis.

Lesson 9





	Readi
Vords in context	ь.,
 Read the definitions and write the words. 	
enormous embarrassed incredible jealous -underwater	
1 When something is under the surface of water. <u>underwate</u>	er
2 This is when you are unhappy that someone has something you don't have.	
3 This is anything that seems extremely large in size or quantity.	
4 This is when you feel very shy or uncomfortable.	
5 This is something that is very difficult or impossible to believe.	
 sentences. Who wrote them? Write A (Abeer) or H (Hala). 1 <u>H</u> If you have <u>time</u>, look at the <u>website</u>. I know you'll 	love it
2 I the problem to the shop	love it
3 If you get of shopping, you can visit the	
4 I felt so! I got out of the shop as as I cou	
5 If I, I'd get on a and come right now!	
6 I had to and tell you about the centre t visited.	hat we
Read the sentences and circle <i>T</i> (true) or <i>F</i> (false). Then explain your a	answe
1 Abeer was enjoying a holiday in Dubai. Hala was enjoying a holiday in Dubai.	т /(
2 Hala had never seen such a big shopping centre before.	Т/
3 There wasn't anywhere to eat in the shopping centre.	Τ/
4 Abeer wrote that she wasn't enjoying herself at home.	Т/
5 Abeer wanted to exchange the T-shirt for a different colour.	Т/
6 The T-shirt was small because it didn't belong to Abeer.	Τ/

Literacy: emails

Writing

- Rewrite the sentences with unless.
 - 1 If I don't go to bed early, I'll feel tired tomorrow. Unless I go to bed early, I'll feel tired tomorrow.
 - 2 We'll miss the last bus if we don't leave now.
 - **3** If Emilia doesn't call me today, I'll be angry with her.
 - **4** You won't get a refund if you don't have a receipt.
 - 5 If the shop doesn't open soon, I'll have to leave.

and the second second	
tip	Writing

unless We use the word unless for if ... not. I won't have time to get it unless I go this weekend. = If I don't go this weekend, I won't have time to get it.

Imagine you've just visited the shopping centre in Lesson 10. Plan an email to a friend at home.



22



send forward attach	

- G Read your email. Check your spelling and punctuation.
- Work in pairs. Exchange your emails. Use these questions to check your partner's email.
 - Is the spelling correct?
 - Is the punctuation correct?
 - Does it use paragraphs?
 - Does it use clear, simple language?
 - Do you want to visit this shopping centre?

0

Dana's

Language booster 3

1 After you read Read the text on Pupil's Book page 28 again. Answer the questions.

- 1 Who plays the keyboard in Aisha's band?
- 2 Who plays the trumpet?
- 3 Who plays the violin?
- 4 Who started the band?
- **5** Who will announce the winner of the competition?
- 6 Who will serve the dessert at the party?

2 Read and write the music words. What's the mystery word?

- 1 a traditional instrument that you play with your thumbs
- 2 a metal musical instrument that you blow
- **3** a wooden musical instrument with four strings and a long stick
- 4 an electronic musical instrument similar to a piano
- **5** a musical instrument that you hit with sticks or your hands
 - The mystery word is

3) Read and match the sentence halves.

- 1 The orchestra played —
- 2 We took part
- **3** The children had
- 4 My parents served
- 5 Mr Alhaddad announced
- 6 Lama won
- ${f 4}$ ${f 3}$ Answer the questions.
 - 1 What's your favourite musical instrument? Why?
 - 2 What's your favourite type of music? Why?



- a juice at the party.
- **b** a prize in the competition!
- **c** the winner of the race.
- **d** in a competition at school.
- e a good time at the party.
- **f** a tune at the concert.







Let's talk!

Vocabulary

Read and circle the correct options.

- 1 I'm going to insert /(listen)/ use to a podcast about technology.
- 2 Lisa likes to chat / receive / get to friends online in the evening.
- 3 My dad doesn't like writing / using / seeing social media.
- 4 We'd like to watch / get / use a vlog about life in the UAE.
- 5 If I don't get / have / keep a promise, I usually feel bad about it.
- 6 Most people think that it's wrong to tell / listen / receive a lie.

2 \bigcirc Unscramble the survey questions. Then ask and answer with your partner.

What are you like?

- 1 Do you <u>get on well</u> egt no lelw with most people?
- 2 Do you often ______ ceevrie xett samsegse from your friends?
- 3 Could you _____ pkee a creste if your friend told you one?
- 4 Do you usually ______ Itle eth utthr to your friends?
- 5 How often do you _____ rnsiet na jmeoi in messages?
- 6 Did you ______ veah na tngrumae with anyone yesterday?

3 \bigcirc Read the *I'm learning* box. Then match the pairs of opposites.

badly keep truth send tell

- 1 If you can't **keep** a secret, people won't <u>tell</u> you any.
- 2 I don't get on well with Hassan. We usually get on _____.
- **3** There's no mobile phone signal, so I can't **receive** or ______ a text message.

I'm learning_

Remembering opposites Some verbs and expressions have opposites. We can learn them as pairs. *speak* to me / *listen* to me

- 4 You know you shouldn't tell lies, you should always tell the ____
- 5 You should try to ______ a promise. You shouldn't break it.



26

Lesson 2	Team Talk 7
Read and complete the sentences in Pupil's Book page 34. Then listen and angry arguments borrow cool huge maybe month podcas	check. easy experiences
 I'm <u>trying</u> to get on well with event of the set of	y friends. I haven't had
4 you should record you	
5 I think that will be as p	
6 I think it's a T-shirt! Ju	
 2 Read the dialogue again and circle T (your answers. 1 Dana has been doing an experiment f 2 Dana gets on worse with her sister the her friends. 	for a week. T / F) <u>She's been doing an</u> <u>experiment for a month.</u>
3 Dana ruined her sister's favourite T-sh	irt. T/F
4 Mei thinks Dana's experiment was such	ccessful. T / F
5 Dana thinks that podcasts are better t	than vlogs. T / F
6 Mei says that she never listens to pode	casts. T / F
 Read and complete the dialogues of Then listen and check. Never mind. x 2 That's not on. x 2 	
 1 A: Hi Abbas. ¹ What are you up to? B: Not much. I'm waiting for Tareq, but he's late, as usual! A: ² He should try harder to be on time. B: I know. It makes me so angry. A: ³ Let's chat until he arrives. B: That's so nice of you! 	 2 A: Are you using my tablet without asking? ⁴ B: I thought this was my tablet. They look the same! I'm really sorry. A: ⁵ We all make mistakes. B: Thanks. ⁶ Do you want to go for a walk? A: That's a great idea.

Grammar



(not) as ... as

⁷⁸ Listen and tick (✓) the correct sentences.

- 1 a Julie is as old as Suha.
 - **b** Suha isn't as old as Julie.
- 2 a Julie can play baseball as well as Suha.
 - **b** Suha doesn't play baseball as well as Julie.
- **3** a Julie's hair is as dark as Suha's.
 - **b** Suha's hair isn't as fair as Julie's hair.
- 4 a Julie isn't as tall as Suha.
 - **b** Suha is as tall as Julie.
- **5** a Julie is as friendly as Suha.
 - **b** Suha isn't as friendly as Julie.
- 6 a Julie isn't as funny as Suha.b Suha is as shy as Julie.

2 Rewrite the sentences with (not) as ... as and the <u>underlined</u> adjective.

- 1 Yousuf is <u>tall</u>, but Paul is much taller. Yousuf <u>isn't as tall as</u> Paul.
- 2 You are 13 years <u>old</u>. Your friend is 13. You ______ your friend.
- 3 Lucia isn't a <u>tidy</u> person. Her sister is very tidy.
 Lucia her sister.
- 4 Zaid and his brother are both <u>clever</u>. Zaid ______ his brother.
- 5 You and I are both <u>confident</u> people. I'm _____ you are.

3 Look at the information. Write sentences with *(not) as ... as*.

G	ABRIEL	
•	12 years old	
•	150 cm tall	-
•	not keen on sports	
•	good at Maths	
•	very hard-working	
•	very bad at keeping	secrets

OMAR

13 years old
150 cm tall
very keen on sports
not good at Maths

very hard-working



- bad at keeping secrets
- 1 (old) Gabriel Gabriel isn't as old as Omar.
- 2 (tall) Omar _____
- 3 (sports) Gabriel _____
- 4 (Maths) Omar
- 5 (hard-working) Gabriel _____
- **6** (bad) Omar _____

Compare two friends. Use (not) as ... as.

- 1 (old) is/isn't as old as
- 2 (friendly)
- 3 (interested in art) _____
- 4 (good at languages)
- 5 (easy to get on with)
- 6 (confident)

1 After you read Read the playscript on Pupil's Book page 36 again. Who says the following lines? Write.

1	Faisal	Hang on a minute, guys.	5	_ You're 12 years old, aren't you?
2		Let's try it, OK?	6	l want to have a go!
3		That'll get us talking.	7	_ Oh, no! I did!
4		I'll go first.	8	Let's play another game.





BookClub

1 Who noticed that no one was talking to each other? <u>Faisal noticed that no one was talking to each other.</u>

- 2 What game did Faisal suggest playing together?
- 3 What mustn't the person in the middle say?
- 4 How does Ibrahim answer the first question?
- 5 Who is the second person to sit in the middle?
- 6 Why do they stop playing the game so quickly?

3 Read the *Work with words* box. Then complete the table.

Work with words

The suffix -ment Some nouns are formed by adding the suffix -ment to verbs. $embarrass \rightarrow embarrassment$ $disappoint \rightarrow disappointment$

Verb	Noun
advertise	¹ advertisement
2	argument
disappoint	3
4	enjoyment
entertain	5
6	excitement
improve	7
8	movement

Vocabulary and Grammar

Read the clues and complete the crossword.



- 1 sad or unhappy
- 2 bothered or angry

3

- 3 not funny or amusing
- 4 worried and not relaxed
- 5 quiet and very relaxed
- 6 pleased or happy

2 (11) Listen and circle the correct answers.



- 1 The boy is ... a confused c delighted
 - **b** curious
- 2 The girl sounds ... a upset b miserable
 - **c** proud
- 3 The boy sounds ...
 a nervous
 b disappointed
 c calm
- 4 The girl sounds ...
 - a confused b disappointed c embarrassed
- **5** The boy sounds ...
 - a curious **b** upset
 - **c** nervous
- 6 The girl sounds ...
 - a calm b jealous
 - c amused
 - 30 thirty

Question tags

3 Read and complete the sentences with the correct question tags.

- 1 Camila doesn't like this book, _________?
- 2 This pizza is delicious, _____?
- **3** Speaking in front of the class makes you really nervous, _____?
- 4 Your friends aren't coming over for lunch tomorrow, _____?
- **5** Amanda isn't going to be late for school again today, _____?
- 6 You're doing your science project with Mohammad, _____?

Write the sentences with question tags.

- 1 you / not / be / good at lying You aren't good at lying, are you?
- 2 you / often / use social media
- 3 you / have / never / cheat
- 4 you / like / stay / at home
- 5 you / not / like / blogging
- 6 you / usually / be / a calm person

Culture Lesson 8 After you read Read the text on Pupil's Book page 38 again. Then read and complete the sentences. Write one word in each gap. **1** We can *communicate* with each other *without* using any words. **2** Emojis are that are used in social and text messages. **3** Hieroglyphics are a ______ language that was used in ______ Egypt. **4** The _____ Day of Sign Languages is on 23rd Read the sentences and circle *T* (true) or *F* (false). Then explain your answers. **1** Some types of language use pictures instead of words. (T)/ F Emojis and hieroglyphics use pictures. T/F 2 Emojis aren't popular with 18–25-year-old people. 3 Sad emojis aren't used as often as happy emojis. T / F la 63 (** (** **4** We can't understand what hieroglyphics mean. T/F **5** There is more than one type of sign language. T / F 3 🛺 Listen to a report about another way of communicating

(714) Listen to a report about another way of communicating without words. Complete the notes.

Language:	History:
 Silbo Gomero a very unusual ¹ <u>whistling</u> language now used by about ² people Place used: 	 used by the Guanches people for 6 of years changed later to communicate the 7 language became an official school subject on
 used on the ³ of La Gomera, which is part of Spain in the mountains, where people are separated by ⁴ easier than ⁵ long distances to speak with people 	La Gomera in ⁸ • recognised as a World Heritage language by UNESCO in ⁹ • now popular with ¹⁰ who come to La Gomera to hear it

	English in action Giving your opinion	Lessor
	Listen and order the phrases a lain and complete.	for giving opinions. Then listen
a b c d e	 Personally, I think that I bet that I'm certain that I'm sure that I guess that <i>he left it s</i> 	somewhere
	our partner.	gues with your own ideas. Then act out witl
1 (Do you think it's OK to tell a lie to a good friend?	Personally, I think that
2	I saw Asma taking something out of your rucksack.	I'm certain that
3 (Adel is angry because you didn't talk to him at lunch.	I'm sure that
4 (Sarah is disappointed because you broke a promise to her.	I guess that
5 (I don't agree with your idea for our English project.	I bet that
Pro	nunciation	~
	$\widehat{\mathfrak{G}}$ \bigcap Listen and complete the s f the verbs. Then practise with	sentences. Use the correct form
	<u>Do</u> you <u>want</u> tomorrow? (want)	an a
2	My sister always	on clothes before she buys them. (try)
3	you	any designer labels last year? (buy)
4	your mum usua	lly with credit cards? (pay)
5	Therea sale on	at the new mall this month. (be)

Words in context

2 Your

were born.

questions.

well.

4 I have a great

3 Abbas says we can make

4 We need to say that we

5 People may look happier

6 We may get jealous if we



Reading

Read and complete the definitions. age interview part relationship shape **1** A sphere is an object that has a round shape is the number of years that have passed since you **3** During a typical , a person usually answers several with my grandfather. We get on really **5** Physical exercise is an important of a healthy lifestyle. Read the interview on Pupil's Book page 40 again. Match. **a** are sorry and try to forgive people. 1 Abbas has written about **b** friends by being friendly and positive. 2 Osama's friend shows him **c** in photographs than they really are. **d** different friendships that people have. e think other people's lives are better than ours. **f** support and is proud of what he does.

Answer the questions. Use complete sentences.

- 1 When can people start buying Abbas's book? People can start buying Abbas's book next Monday.
- 2 When does Abbas think friends are really important?
- **3** How much older than Osama is his friend?
- 4 What can happen when you argue with a friend?
- 5 What things should you talk about with your friends?
- 6 Why don't people tell the truth on social media?



Literacy: interviews

Writing



- 1 Amer isn't friendly. His brother is very nice. Amer isn't friendly, whereas his brother is very nice.
- 2 My older brother is keen on social media. My parents never use it.
- **3** Some people can keep promises. Other people break them.
- 4 Maher made a vlog for his project. Heba did a podcast.
- 5 I'm very calm before exams. My friends get really nervous.

2 Image: Plan an interview about the things that are important for being a good pupil.

Start by thanking the person for letting you interview them.	<u>}</u>
Use clear, logical questions about your chosen topic.	→
You can also use sentences with question tags.	
fou can also use sentences with question tags.	
Write the interview as a dialogue that's easy to read.	
	5
Use language that is polite, but not too formal.	
Finish by thanking the person for answering	
Finish by thanking the person for answering your questions.	

Writing whereas I'm chatty, energetic and bossy whereas she is quiet, calm and kind. We use whereas to link two different things or ideas.
3	Now write your interview.

G Read your interview. Check your spelling and punctuation.

- Sour partner's interview.
 Work in pairs. Exchange your interviews. Use these questions to check your partner's interview.
 - Is the spelling correct?
 - Is the punctuation correct?
 - Are the questions clear?
 - Does it use polite language?
 - Do you want to do this interview?



MONS Team Talk

 \bigcirc

Grammar



T /(F)

Relativepronouns

1 (**) Listen. Then circle *T* (true) or *F* (false).

- 1 The person whose invention made ice cream more popular was from the UK.
- 2 The name of the person who invented the first ice cream maker was Nancy Johnson.
 T / F
- 3 The year when this new machine was invented was 1943. T / F
- 4 The machine was invented at a time when ice cream was quite expensive.T / F
- 5 The only place where people could enjoy this new ice cream was in shops.T / F
- 6 The new ice cream maker was a machine that used electricity. T / F

2 Read and complete the sentences with the correct relative pronouns.

that when where which who whose

- 1 Antibiotics are medicines <u>which</u> can save lives.
- 2 A science museum is a place _____ you can learn about technology.
- **3** The Wright Brothers were the people ______ invented the first aeroplane.
- 4 The steam engine was an invention _____ changed history.
- **5** Bill Gates is a famous inventor name everyone knows.
- 6 Your birthday is a special day _____ people buy you presents.

3 Rewrite the sentences with relative pronouns.

1 A phonograph is a machine. It records sound.

A phonograph is a machine that records sound.

- 2 A lab is a place. We do experiments in a lab.
- **3** Marconi was a scientist. He invented the radio.
- **4** Electricity is a type of energy. We use it every day.
- **5** Alfred Nobel was a man. His name is now famous.
- 6 Summer is a season. We go to the beach.

Write sentences with relative pronouns.

- 1 I have a friend whose <u>name is Rana</u>.
- 2 The best day in my life was when
- 3 A hero is a person who _____
- **4** A great film is one which _____
- 5 I want to live in a place where _____
- 6 My favourite object is something that

8 thirty-eight

After you read Read the story on Pupil's Book page 46 again. Number the sentences in order.

- **a** The teacher asked Mariam to do a presentation about Penicillin.
- **b** Mariam told her class why she thought Dorothy's invention was important.
- 1 c Mariam's mum took her to see the doctor.
 - **d** The teacher said she hoped the class would invent things in the future.
 - e Mariam stood up and told her class all about Penicillin.
 - **f** Mariam's teacher told her what she knew about the medicine.
 - g Mariam was curious about Penicillin.
 - h Mariam told her class who Dorothy Hodgkin was.

2 Answer the questions. Use complete sentences.

- 1 When did Mariam start to feel better? She started to feel better after she had taken some medicine.
- 2 How did Mariam find out about Penicillin?
- 3 Why did the doctor take Mariam's temperature?
- 4 Who discovered Penicillin?
- 5 What type of laboratory did Dorothy Hodgkin work in?
- 6 Where did Dorothy Hodgkin study and work?

Bead the Work with words box. Then write the collocations with take.

1

Work with words

Collocations with take We can make collocations with take and various other words. Did you take your medicine today? Don't hurry. Take your time.







take a pill







 \bigcirc

Book Club



Vocabulary and Grammar

1 (Read and complete. Then listen and check.



carry out an experiment <u>do some research</u> feel better feel ill make a discovery win a Nobel Prize

1 comment



Alice 1 day ago

I'd like to become a scientist when I'm older. I want to

¹<u>do some research</u> to help other people who have an illness. I don't like it when I ²_____. My big dream is to ³_____. to test a new medicine. If I

⁴______, I might become world famous. And if my work makes lots of people ⁵______, I might also ⁶______! That would be amazing!

2 (\mathbb{R}^{13}) Listen and circle *T* (true) or *F* (false).





1 a	Randa says she has a fever today.	T/F
b	Dad says she'll feel better after a rest.	T / F
2 a	The boy didn't need to have an injection.	T / F
b	He's going to get a prescription later.	T / F
3 a	Muna had an operation on her foot.	T / F
b	She might need to have an X-ray.	T / F
	for which	

Embedded questions

3 Read the questions about the Science Museum. Then complete the embedded questions.

At the Science Museum

- I When does the museum open?
- 2 Is there a special price for students?
- 3 Can we take photos?
- 4 Are there any old inventions?
- 5 Where can we have a snack?
- 6 Is the museum open on Mondays?
- 1 Can you tell us <u>when the museum</u> <u>opens</u>?

2	Do you know whether	?
3	I wonder if	
4	Could you tell me if	?
5	Do you know if	?

6 I wonder whether

Read the answers. Then write embedded questions.

- 1 A: Can you tell us <u>where the museum</u> <u>shop is</u>?
 - **B**: Yes, the museum shop is over there.

?

- **B:** No, there isn't a pharmacy near here.
- 3 A: Could you tell me _____?B: Yes, it's half past seven.
- 4 A: I wonder whether _____.
 B: No, we shouldn't go out now.
 5 A: Can you tell me _____?
 - **B:** Yes, I'm thirteen years old.

Lesson 8



 \bigcirc

After you read Read the text on Pupil's Book page 48 again. Read and complete the sentences with the correct words.

 Adeeb Sulaiman Alblooshi designed a device to help people <u>A</u> have an artificial leg. 	A who	B which	C when
2 Adeeb got the idea for his new invention seeing his dad having difficulty with his prosthetic leg.	A before	B where	C after
3 Anurudh Ganesan invented a special bicycle could keep vaccinations cool.	A it	B that	C what
4 Anurudh's new bicycle works without electricity or ice.	A using	B use	C used
5 Thato Kgatlhanye's bags store solar energy, they don't need electricity.	A why	B which	C so
6 The new school bags produce light so that children study at home.	A must	B can	C don't

- 2 Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.
 - 1 How old was Adeeb when he designed the prosthetic leg? Adeeb was nine years old when he designed the prosthetic leg.
 - 2 What is special about Adeeb's prosthetic leg?
 - 3 Who did Anurudh want to help with his invention?
 - 4 What part of the bike keeps the vaccinations cool?
 - 5 What materials are used to make Thato's school bags?
 - 6 Why should children carry brightly coloured bags?



Abu al-Qasim al-Zahr	awi was a ¹ doct	or, a teacher and an ²	inventor.
He lived in the ³	century, from	m 936 to 1013. He invented mo	re than
200 items for doctors	s to use in ⁴	Some of them are still used	l today, for
example, ⁵	scissors. He made	many discoveries. One ⁶	was how
to keep cuts ⁷	He also wrote	an important book about med	icine and
drew pictures of his i	nventions. His boo	k was used by doctors for ⁸	years.







?





16	SS	11	U
14.5	÷Ε	1.1	

	Readin		
ord	ls in context		
0	Read and complete the sentences.		
	blackboard generations items list rows time capsule		
	1 There are four <u>rows</u> of desks in my class and I sit next to my best friend, Bella.		
	2 In the past, teachers wrote on a Now they use a whiteboard.		
	3 When my grandfather was a boy he found a buried in his garder		
	4 You can make a of things you need to pack before you go on holiday.		
	5 We must protect the rainforests for future to enjoy.		
	6 I found this box in our attic. It has some really interesting in it.		
	capsule!		
2	you're reading this, then you have our time		
2	She's the teacher lessons we all!		
	In the, we sit in rows in of Mrs Parks.		
	Mrs Parks comes into class, we up.		
	In our, there are some cars.		
	nswer the questions. Use complete sentences.		
I	When did Marion and her friends put the time capsule in the wall? They put the time capsule in the wall in 1953.		
2	Where did Marion live when she wrote the letter?		
3	How old was Marion when she wrote the letter?		
4	Where did Mrs Parks write things in the classroom?		
5	What did Marion and her friends wear to school?		
6	How did people use to travel to London?		

Literacy: letters

Writing

- **1** Rewrite the sentences with *as much as*.
 - 1 My grandmother likes baking cakes. I like eating them. <u>My grandmother likes baking cakes as much as I like eating</u> <u>them.</u>
 - **2** I enjoy buying clothes. My sister enjoys buying books.
 - 3 Noura goes cycling a lot. Lubna goes running a lot.
 - **4** We like having family parties. Other people like coming to them.
 - 5 I love parrots. You love cats.
- Imagine you're making a time capsule for your grandchildren. Plan a letter to include in the time capsule.

Include your address at the top right of the letter.	
Put the date under your address.	}→
Start the letter with Dear grandchildren,	
Describe life in the world now.	
Describe life in the world now. Explain what's in your time capsule and why.	

Writing as much as We use as much as to compare two things when they are the same.

••••	••••••••••	

A Read your letter. Check your spelling and punctuation.

- Source of the section of the sect
 - Is the spelling correct?
 - Is the punctuation correct?
 - Does the letter describe life in the world now?
 - Does the letter explain what's in the time capsule and why?
 - Would you like to find your partner's time capsule?

Dana's

a Hala



2 This person would like to play a different musical instrument.

b Jaber a Kim c Hala

3 This person blows air into a musical instrument.

a Jaber **b** Hala c Stan

4 This person likes different kinds of music.

b Stan a Jaber **c** Kim

5 This person didn't study music as much as they should.

a Stan **b** Jaber c Kim

2 Read the comments again and write a reply to each person.









Our comment about music and how you feel about it.

 Read and listen to the dialogue on Pupil's Book page 53
 again. Answer the questions. 1 What are Ali and Maher doing? 2 What happens at the end of the dialogue? **5** Find examples of verbs + *-ing* and verbs + infinitive in the dialogue on Pupil's Book page 53. **6** Write three sentences with verb + *-ing* and three sentences with verb + infinitive.

World Book Day

- After you read Read and write the correct words from the text on Pupil's Book page 56.
 - 1 an organisation that makes important decisions in the world <u>UNESCO</u>
 - 2 all the people that live on the planet
 - **3** the event when one city becomes a centre for promoting reading _____
 - 4 the country where World Book Day began _____
 - 5 a person who writes books
 - 6 events that happen in front of many people ____

Use the words in Activity 1 to complete the text.

Hello! I'm Rodrigo and I come from Cordoba in ¹_____.

It's the city of Miguel de Cervantes. It's also for this year!

Lots of book events will take place! We want to celebrate our important ³_____, but also others from around the world. ⁴_____ has so many to

remember and celebrate from all over the world! We will open the event by reading parts of *Don Quixote* in all languages of the world in a popular square here. We will show it on the internet so everyone can watch! Then we will send the video to 5

They want to keep it in their records!

Write a letter to UNESCO about how important World Book Day is.





WORLD SPACE WEEK

1

After you read Match the numbers to the correct information.

- 1 4th October 1957
- 2 10th October 1967
- **3** 115
- **4** 2019
- **5** 2021

- a Outer Space Treaty is signed.
- b 'Women in Space' theme
- c 'The Moon: Gateway to the Stars' theme
- d Sputnik 1 goes into space.
- e number of countries that signed the Outer Space Treaty

2

Complete the text with words from the text on Pupil's Book page 57.



Create a poster for the World Space Week with the theme: 'The Sun: The Brightest Star of Our Galaxy'.



Wordlist

Unit 5

rock climbing (noun) – the sport of climbing rocks

horse-riding (noun) — the sport of riding a horse

ice hockey (noun) — a game played on ice with sticks

motor-racing (noun) — the sport of driving fast cars

go-karting (noun) — the sport of driving small, low cars

surfboarding (noun) — the sport of riding a wave on a board

water skiing (noun) — the sport of standing and moving on skis on water

kite surfing (noun) — the sport of riding a board on water while holding a special kite

diving (noun) — the sport of swimming underwater with special breathing equipment

squash (noun) — the sport of hitting a ball against a wall

jogging (noun) - to run slowly

golf (noun) — the sport of hitting a small ball into holes with a stick

north (noun) — one of the four directions that goes up

south (noun) — one of the four directions that goes down

east (noun) — one of the four directions that goes right

west (noun) — one of the four directions that goes left

sunrise (noun) - when the sun comes up
sunset (noun) - when the sun goes down
wood (noun) - an area with trees

field (noun) — a flat, empty area of land with grass

valley (noun) — an area of low land between mountains

scenery (noun) - the natural surroundings
tide (noun) - the rise and fall of the sea
bay (noun) - a part of the coast that
creates a curve

Unit 6

on sale (phr) – available to buy

queue (noun) — a line of people standing, waiting for something

till (noun) — a machine where you can pay

designer labels (noun) — made by a famous clothes brand

get a refund (verb phrase) — to get your money back after returning something you bought

exchange (verb) — to give something and get something in return

shop (noun) — a place that sells things

assistant (noun) — a person that helps people shop

credit card (noun) — a small plastic card you can pay with

customer (noun) — a person who buys things

second-hand (adjective) — something you can buy that belonged to someone else

receipt (noun) — a piece of paper that shows
what you bought and how much it cost
online shopping (noun) — to shop on the
internet

go into space (verb phrase) — to travel outside Earth's atmosphere

meet a famous person (verb phrase) — to be near a famous person and talk to them

travel the world (verb phrase) — to go from country to country for fun

donate to a charity (verb phrase) — to give money for a good reason

have a lot of money (verb phrase) — to be rich

have three wishes (verb phrase) – to be able to make three dreams come true

travel back in time (verb phrase) — to go back in the past

pass exams (verb phrase) — to succeed in a test

become an Olympic athlete (verb phrase) to take part in the Olympic Games, a big international sports event

become a book or film character (verb phrase) — to play the part of a character from a book or film

be invisible (verb phrase) — to be impossible to see

win a cup (verb phrase) — to win the first place at a competition

Language Booster 3

competition (noun) — an event where lots of people take part in order to see who's the best at something

tune (noun) — a series of musical notes that is pleasant

winner (noun) — the person that comes first at a competition

Unit 7

receive a text message (verb phrase) — to get a message on your phone or computer **chat to friends** (verb phrase) — to send and receive text messages with friends

use social media (verb phrase) — to have profiles on social media sites

insert an emoji (verb phrase) — to use small faces that show feelings in text messages

listen to a podcast (verb phrase) — to listen to a digital radio show

watch a vlog (verb phrase) — to watch videos that somebody posts on the internet regularly, like a diary

tell the truth (verb phrase) — to be honest **tell a lie** (verb phrase) — to be dishonest

keep a secret (verb phrase) — to not tell something that someone told you privately

keep a promise (verb phrase) — to do something that you said you would

get on well (verb phrase) — to have a good relationship with someone

Wordlist

have an argument (verb phrase) – to disagree with someone in a bad way **embarrassed** (adjective) – to feel shy **disappointed** (adjective) – unhappy about something that didn't go well **jealous** (adjective) – to want something that someone else has **upset** (adjective) – sad confused (adjective) - not sure about something curious (adjective) - interested in something **delighted** (adjective) – very pleased **nervous** (adjective) – worried **calm** (adjective) – peaceful serious (adjective) - not joking **proud** (adjective) – feeling good about yourself **miserable** (adjective) – unhappy

Unit 8

electricity (noun) — a form of energy that can create light, heat, etc.

light bulb (noun) — a small round glass ball that shines with electricity

spacecraft (noun) - a vehicle that can
travel in space

battery (noun) — a device that produces electricity

photography (noun) — the art of taking photographs

radio (noun) — a device that you can use to listen to radio shows and programs

wheel (noun) — a round object that many vehicles use to move

steam engine (noun) — a train that moves by steam

aeroplane (noun) — a vehicle that can fly
X-ray (noun) — a photograph that shows the inside of a body

vaccination (noun) - the substance doctors
put in a body to protect it from a disease
antibiotics (noun) - a medicine that kills
bacteria in a body

feel ill (verb phrase) - to be sick

feel better (verb phrase) — to recover from an illness

get a prescription (verb phrase) — to get a note from a doctor that describes which medicine to take

take some pills (verb phrase) — to take medicine in the form of small objects

have an injection (verb phrase) — to put medicine in a body with a needle

have a fever (verb phrase) — to have a high body temperature

have an X-ray (verb phrase) — to use a machine that takes pictures of the inside of the body

have an operation (verb phrase) — to have your body cut open by a doctor for medical reasons

do some research (verb phrase) — to study something

win a prize (verb phrase) — to come first in a competition and get a special object

make a discovery (verb phrase) — to find something that no one knew before
carry out an experiment (verb phrase) — to test something in order to see if it's true or if it works

Language Booster 4

concert (noun) - a performance of music
soundtrack (noun) - the music of a film
drums (noun) - an instrument with lots
of round objects that you hit to create a
rhythm

keyboard (noun) – an electric, musical instrument that looks like a piano

Cover the Past simple and Past participle columns and check what you remember!

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle
be	was/were	been
break	broke	broken
bring	brought	brought
buy	bought	bought
catch	caught	caught
choose	chose	chosen
come	came	come
cost	cost	cost
cut	cut	cut
do	did	done
draw	drew	drawn
drink	drank	drunk
drive	drove	driven
eat	ate	eaten
fall	fell	fallen
feel	felt	felt
find	found	found
fly	flew	flown
get	got	got
give	gave	given
go	went	gone/been
have	had	had
hear	heard	heard
hit	hit	hit
hold	held	held
keep	kept	kept
know	knew	known

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle
learn	learnt	learnt
leave	left	left
let	let	let
lose	lost	lost
make	made	made
meet	met	met
рау	paid	paid
put	put	put
read	read	read
ride	rode	ridden
run	ran	run
say	said	said
see	saw	seen
sell	sold	sold
send	sent	sent
sing	sang	sung
sleep	slept	slept
stand	stood	stood
take	took	taken
teach	taught	taught
tell	told	told
think	thought	thought
throw	threw	thrown
wake	woke	woken
wear	wore	worn
win	won	won
write	wrote	written

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